

# THE GREENSBORO TELEGRAM

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## DAVID STETSON TESTIFIES BEFORE SUGAR COMMITTEE

**Tells of Purchase of Pennsylvania Sugar Company by The Trust--Did Not Receive Commission For His Part in Transaction.**

Special to Telegram.

Washington, June 30.—The letters, telegrams and other papers sent by A. D. Thomas, of Boston, vice president and director of the American Sugar Company, to David Stetson, a Philadelphia broker, regarding the proposed purchase of the Pennsylvania Sugar Refining Company by the trust, were returned to Thomas last December and in January of this year, according to Stetson, who was a witness before the sugar investigating committee today. Stetson was asked a number of questions regarding the American Sugar Refining Company and the suits which the government intended to bring against it also about the part the letters were to play in the suit.

"You knew that these were incriminating letters, did you not?" asked Representative Raper, of California. "No, I did not. I thought they might aid in the defense of Thomas," the witness responded.

"Why did you want to help Thomas?" asked Mr. Raker. "He is a cousin of mine. I care nothing about the American Sugar Company, nor any other," replied the witness.

Stetson then told of the negotiations with Adolph S. Segal for the purchase of the Pennsylvania Sugar Refining Company and said that he had suggested to Thomas to buy the concern. The witness said that he did not receive any commission for the transaction which was later made. He said that he saw Henry O. Havermeyer a number of times in Philadelphia.

## WIRE MANUFACTURERS TO APPEAR IN COURT JULY 5

Special to Telegram.

New York, June 30.—The eighty-four wire manufacturers criminally indicted yesterday for pooling their business in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law will appear for pleading on July 5 when the criminal branch of the district court convenes.

## DEMOCRATS WILL NOT MAKE RECIPRO- CITY SPEECHES

Special to Telegram.

Washington, June 30.—At an informal caucus today Democratic senators agreed among themselves not to make any reciprocity speeches during this session. They will have the Republicans disagree if they wish to while wrangling over this subject and when a vote is to be taken the Democrats unanimously decided, at least those who formed the caucus did, to vote for the bill.

Archbishop O'Connor Dead.

Special to Telegram.

Toronto, Ont., June 30.—Archbishop Dennis O'Connor, of the Roman Catholic church, the archbishop of Canada, died today, following a long illness.

## NAMES ADDED TO WAKE JURY LIST

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, June 30.—The largest and most complete jury list ever made up in Wake county was today waiting to be turned over to the county commissioners, who will meet in monthly session Monday. At least 6,500 names are on the list, an increase of 3,500 names. Every taxpayer has been placed on the revised list except doctors and newspaper men, and these would have been placed on the list, but it was known that they would necessarily have to be excused.

President's Family to Beverly

Special to Telegram.

Washington, June 30.—President Taft and his family left Washington at 5 o'clock for Beverly, Mass., where the summer White House will be established. The family will stay there all the summer. The President will return to Washington about the fifth of July and remain until Congress adjourns.

## ONE-HALF STEEL TRUST'S CAPITALIZATION WATER WHEN COMBINATION WAS FORMED

**This is Central Fact in Report of Corporation Commissioner on Steel Industry—Herbert Knox Smith Enters Exhaustively Into Discussion of Organization, Investments And Profits of United States Steel Corporation.**

## CAPITALIZED AT BILLION AND HALF, TANGIBLE ASSETS SEVEN HUNDRED MILLION DOLLARS

**Smith Says Basis of This Corporation is Iron Ore—One Half of Original Capitalization Rested on That—Corporation is Strong Because of Ownership And Control of Ore—Trust is Losing Control of Steel Industry, According to Report.**

Special to Telegram.

Washington, June 30.—The report of the United States Commissioner of Corporations on the steel industry was made public this afternoon by Commissioner Herbert Knox Smith. A summary of the report makes sixty printed pages and the report entire is a voluminous document. The report deals mainly with the organization and history of the United States Steel Corporation, known as the steel trust. It enters minutely into the details of the steel industry prior to the organization of the corporation and also into the details of the organization of that concern and its operations during the past ten years. In a letter to President Taft, summing up the result of the investigations, Commissioner Smith summarizes the report on the steel trust. This letter covers the ground of the report briefly and in full is as follows:

### Summary of Report on Steel Industry.

The Steel Corporation was the culmination and the result of a remarkable and even dramatic period in the steel industry. Until about 1898 the bulk of the business was distributed among a very considerable number of concerns. There was sharp competition, modified by frequent pools and price agreements of greater or less duration and effectiveness.

In 1898 began an era of great consoli-

dations, with capitalizations ranging from \$30,000,000 to \$100,000,000, usually mergers of many smaller companies. In most of these, as in the earlier price agreements, the ruling motive was the removal of competition.

They did not, however, finally eliminate competition. On the contrary, a broad movement at once became apparent which threatened competition on a larger scale and probably more severe than any in steel history. This was the process known as "integration."

The situation in 1899-1900 was as follows: There were three great companies—the Carnegie company, the Federal Steel, and the National Steel—dominating the production of crude and semi-finished steel. This may be called the "primary" group. Six other large concerns—the American Steel and Wire, American Tin Plate, American Steel Hoop, American Sheet Steel, National Tube, and American Bridge—separately controlled these lighter finished products. These formed the "secondary" group.

But large as these concerns were, no one of them was entirely self-sufficient. The "secondary" group was dependent on the "primary" for its crude steel; the "primary" largely dependent on the "secondary" for a market for its products. Few were completely "integrated;" that is, few carried through under one control, with the accompanying advantages, the entire industrial process

from the ore to the finished product, linking up ore and coal mines, transportation, blast furnaces, steel works, rolling mills, and finished manufacture.

Immediately, however, came the next step. These great concerns almost simultaneously began the final linking up of the chain of production. Once begun by one concern, others followed in self-defense. The "secondary" companies began to reach back, acquiring ore reserves and crude steel plants. For example, in 1900 the Steel and Wire Company, whose supply of materials had previously been purchased mainly from the Carnegie or the Federal company, planned to make its own steel; likewise the National Tube Company. The "primary" concerns, finding these their chief customers turning into rivals, retaliated by reaching forward to the manufacture of finished products.

Paramount in importance was the ore. The recognition of that importance came strangely late, but, once recognized, it became an axiom that no large concern could stay in business unless fortified by its own reserves. By 1900 the bulk of the Lake ores was in the hands of less than a dozen companies, with a similar concentration of coking coal.

Such efforts on the part of these great concerns, in striving each to "integrate," to make itself wholly independent,

(Continued on Page Three.)

## PERJURY PROSECUTIONS WILL DOUBTLESS FOLLOW

**Testimony of Witnesses in Lorimer Case so Conflicting That Committee Will Likely Bring Charges--Edward Hines Found Annanias Club.**

## ELECTIONS

**Committee of Senate to Investigate Election of Stevenson, of Wisconsin.**

Special to Telegram.

Washington, June 30.—Another Senatorial investigation question was placed before the United States Senate committee on elections today when the full certified record of the legislative investigations of the election of Senator Stevenson, of Wisconsin, were received by Vice President Sherman and laid before the Senate. The investigation was made by a joint committee of the two houses of the Wisconsin Legislature at Madison, which found no direct violation of law but gave a variety of charges in connection with Senator Stevenson's election. The document was received direct from the Wisconsin Legislature with a request for a senatorial investigation and the charges will be taken up soon by the elections committee.

## CUSTOMS

**Officials Seized \$150,000 Worth of Furs in New York Yesterday.**

Special to Telegram.

New York, June 30.—More than \$150,000 worth of furs were seized in a raid of the Customs House officers on the store rooms of Charles Woinschmaker & Co., at 45 West 27th street, this afternoon. It was charged that furs had been smuggled into this country through false invoices.

## REICHMANN WAS GIVEN FOUR MONTHS

Special to Telegram.

New York, June 30.—Joseph B. Reichmann, convicted of falsifying reports of the Carnegie Trust Company to the State Banking Department today was sentenced to serve 4 1/2 months on Blackwell's Island by Justice Davis in the United States Court. Counsel for Reichmann asked that the execution of the sentence be postponed until next Wednesday, which was granted.

## NEWS DISPATCHES IN MADRID WITH- HELD BY CENSOR

Special to Telegram.

Madrid, June 30.—The government censor stopped all news dispatches filed with the news companies last night, which described disorder with the Eucharistic procession. It is estimated that 50 persons received more or less bruises in a street panic following the explosion of a bomb when the parade was passing. No one, however, was injured. Fifty thousand persons and 10,000 clergymen took part in the procession.

Special to Telegram.

Washington, June 30.—Edward Hines got into the Roosevelt class today by founding an Annanias club. Mr. Hines was the first witness on the stand in the Lorimer case. He was not so cheerful as on yesterday but, nevertheless, made a good witness. The Hines Annanias club consists of witnesses who testified adversely to his testimony.

Members thus far initiated are President Taft, who says he was never interested in the election of Lorimer; Clarence Funk, who says Hines asked him to give \$10,000 to the Lorimer fund; Wirt H. Cook, who says Hines telephoned him that "I have just come from Taft and Aldrich at Washington. They want Lorimer elected. I am on the way to Springfield to furnish all the funds"; Herman Heptler, the Chicago lumberman, who testified that Hines said "I am very happy I elected Lorimer. I did it to help myself personally."

Hines has been confronted with the necessity of explaining away serious charges advanced in the testimony of Funk, Cook, and Heptler. This he has done by assuring the committee that the gentlemen did not tell the truth; by giving his own very different story of the conversation and finally by presenting in each case a circumstantial story that the men giving this testimony was his long established enemies.

The remarkable field of discrepancy moved Senator Kenyon to exclaim: "Now we seem to need a series of prosecutions for perjury here." That is just what the committee has in its mind. When the hearings in Washington close, the committee will go to Chicago and take up the huge volume of affidavits and denials that have arisen from the efforts of the committee to get at the root of the matter. It is believed that a long list of men will face perjury charges as a result of the investigation.

## TAFT RECOMMENDS THE PURCHASE OF MANEUVER GROUNDS

Special to Telegram.

Washington, June 30.—President Taft today sent to the House and Senate a special message, accompanying the report of the army commission appointed to investigate the sites offered at Chattanooga and Chickamauga for permanent maneuver grounds, rifle and military range and inspection camp for the army. The report is adverse to the acceptance of the offer at Chattanooga but it favors the acceptance of a site of 5,000 acres offered by citizens of Tullahoma, Tenn. It is also recommended by the President to buy 50,000 acres adjoining this site.

## TOBACCO CROP OFF FIFTY PER CENT

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, June 30.—If the tobacco crop in North Carolina this summer averages as much as fifty per cent. farmers and others interested will be agreeably surprised. Reports to the department of agriculture from every section of the State are to the effect that the drought has greatly curtailed the production, and the indications now are that forty per cent of a crop is about all that can be hoped for. With unusually good seasons from now on, however, the average may be made better, and it is hoped that this may be the case.

Commissioner of Agriculture Graham said today that the dry weather was responsible for the shortage of the crop in every section where the weed is grown. Farmers could not set out their plants owing to lack of water, and where plants were set out, the drought caused poor stands. In the Piedmont section, where most of the heavy leaf is grown, prospects are even worse than in the Eastern part of the State.

## Dictagraph a Witness at the Trial of Members Of the Ohio Legislature Indicted For Bribery.



A mechanical device called the dictagraph is being used at the trial of Ohio legislators charged with bribery. The dictagraph is a highly sensitized telephone, the transmitter of which is placed in a room where the talking of which a record is desired is done. The wires run to an adjoining room, where a stenographer receives and records the conversation. By means of this machine the prosecution expects to implicate the legislators. The machine was not employed at the trial of Representative Nye, who was acquitted, but is being used at the trial now under way of Rodney J. Diegle, sergeant-at-arms of the senate, indicted on a charge of accepting a \$300 bribe and also for aiding three senators to obtain a bribe of \$300 each.



# THE GREENSBORO TELEGRAM

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Subscribers desiring the address of  
their paper changed will please give both  
the old and the new address.

The Greensboro Telegram does not ac-  
cept whisky, beer or objectionable ad-  
vertising.



Is near beer nearer or further today?

Yesterday was the last day of June  
and the last day for the sale of near  
beer.

What will they call the near beer  
places now? Also, what will they call  
the stuff dispensed?

Greensboro can secure some new in-  
dustries by putting Greensboro money  
into them.

Birmingham is bragging about its low  
temperatures these hot days. Neverthe-  
less, Birmingham is a hot town.

The last call for the June bride met a  
hearty response, and the end of the  
month witnessed a rushing business in  
matrimony.

There is no reason why Durham  
should wait for Richmond people to go  
down there and build a new hotel. If  
there is a town in the State where  
money for improvements should be plen-  
tiful, that town is Durham.

Judge William T. Newman of the  
United States Circuit Court at Atlanta  
denied the petition for a writ of habeas  
corpus on behalf of Charles W. Morse.  
Charles is going to have to serve his  
time in Federal prison, unless all the  
signs fail.

The merger of Mormonism and the  
trust magnates is the latest develop-  
ment brought to public attention. It  
has developed in the sugar trust investi-  
gation, and clearly indicates a sweet  
smelling state of affairs.

Durham Herald says the people here  
should not blame the commissioners for  
enforcing the laws. Very few good citi-  
zens are making a kick about the en-  
forcement of the laws here. If there are  
any kicks they are coming from the law-  
less element, and that element forms a  
very small portion of the population of  
Greensboro.

The Georgia Legislature has assembled  
and will proceed to give an exhibition  
which will furnish diversion for the  
natives and may create some mild inter-  
est in other States. In Georgia, where  
every citizen was born a politician, the  
Legislature meets annually. If it is con-  
cluded that one a year is insufficient,  
they some times switch in an extra ses-  
sion.

## THE NEW PRESIDENT OF THE PRESS ASSOCIATION.

The North Carolina Press Association  
made no mistake in electing J. J. Farriss  
of the High Point Enterprise, to the of-  
fice of president. Editor Farriss is what  
is popularly known as a live wire, and he  
will undoubtedly lead the Association in  
the paths of progress during his admin-  
istration. He has been in editorial har-  
ness and in the business office for many  
years, and has achieved success in both

## SHALL NEWSPAPER EDITORIALS BE SIGNED?

The New York Legislature is considering a bill which provides that news-  
paper editorials shall be signed, presumably either with the name of the  
author or some person who is willing to assume the responsibility for  
them. It is said that the bill has passed the Senate and is before the House  
in that State. This bill was the text for some remarks before the North  
Carolina Press Association convention at Lenoir by Editor Josephus Daniels  
of the Raleigh News and Observer. Mr. Daniels, judging from his speech to  
the editors, favors the bill. He asked for its consideration and discussion  
by the Association, but the matter was not brought up again, and the North  
Carolina newspaper men are, apparently, not greatly interested in the matter  
of signed editorials. The proposition, however, has its points of interest and  
the fact that it has succeeded in getting past the Senate in the New York  
Legislature indicates that there is a large volume of approving sentiment back  
of it in that State.

In North Carolina the proposal to publish only signed editorials in the news-  
papers of the State would probably not meet with the approval of a majority  
of the editors and would doubtless meet with no general demand among the  
people. The newspapers of this State are small, their circulation in each  
case limited, the men who make them are usually known personally to many  
of their readers and the average reader knows with more or less certainty  
the identity of the author of his newspaper's editorial matter. This condition  
of affairs does not prevail in the metropolis and in the other large cities  
of the nation; and there are probably numerous cases in New York State outside  
of New York City in which it is difficult or impossible to definitely place the  
responsibility for newspaper utterances. The great newspapers of the country  
nowadays are mainly immense impersonal organizations for the gathering  
and distribution of the news, for the publishing of advertising and, frequently,  
are found making use of this lack of personal responsibility as a shield for ac-  
tions which they would probably not be guilty of if it were necessary for the  
responsible parties to allow their identity to become known. It is doubtless  
this condition which it is desired to remedy in New York by the passage of a  
law requiring signed editorial utterances, so that responsibility for a news-  
paper's policy and opinions can be fixed upon some man or men. The neces-  
sity for this innovation, as suggested, is not pressing in North Carolina.  
In fact, it may be doubted if the matter can be successfully handled by statu-  
te in New York, while the necessity for action may be evident. In case  
the law is enacted and the man who is actually responsible for the policy of a  
newspaper should not want his name made public, it would be as easy to  
hire some man's name for use in signing editorials as it is now to hire edi-  
torial writers who will furnish copy conforming to the opinions and desires of  
their employers instead of voicing their own opinions. That this is common  
practice is well known in the newspaper profession and among all who are  
familiar with newspaper publishing. The editorial work on the great dailies is  
the combined result of the labor of a number of men, none of whom may have  
a word to say in regard to the policy of the paper. That is fixed by the  
man or men who own or control the paper, and the editorial writers are usually  
not even stockholders in the business. They may express their own opinions  
about some things, but in many cases they voice opinions in line with the  
ideas of the controlling spirit of the business. Probably many of these  
men would cheerfully sign editorials daily on a salary basis, and the public  
would not, in the end, be able to fix the responsibility for the paper's  
policy where it rightfully belonged.

While there are reasons for doubting the wisdom of this movement and  
its success, if it is undertaken in New York or elsewhere, there are strong  
arguments which can be used in support of the signed editorial. It would  
undoubtedly appeal to the minds and sentiments of many readers, and the  
personality of the reader would respond to the work of the editor in a  
manner which can never occur so long as the writer is unknown to his read-  
ers. The credit secured for doing good work would, also, inspire men to do  
their best work; while criticism for inferior work would deter from list-  
less and slipshod methods. Personal responsibility to the individual might  
likewise result in softening criticism and go far toward preventing unwar-  
ranted attacks upon men or institutions, which newspapers are some times  
guilty of and which, in many cases, it is difficult to rectify because respon-  
sibility cannot be fixed upon an individual in a great newspaper establishment  
where hundreds of men are employed and it is found almost impossible to  
reach the man or men in the background who are really responsible for the  
paper's policy.

The need of a practical method for fixing editorial responsibility in the  
great newspaper offices of the country no doubt appeals strongly to the peo-  
ple of the large cities and the States in which they are situated; the matter  
does not appeal to the people of a State like North Carolina with so much  
force. There are Southern States, however, in which this matter is begin-  
ning to attract attention; in which newspapers are published that are so big  
and impersonal that the public is unaware of the source of control and does  
not even know the names of the men who form the editorial policies of  
these papers.

It is important that the public should have accurate knowledge of the  
ownership of the newspapers of the country. This is the most important  
consideration. There are cases in which the men who actually do the work  
of making the newspaper and who even assume responsibility for its policies  
and utterances, are merely the hired men of others and do the bidding of  
their employers. In such cases the ownership of the newspaper is usually con-  
cealed behind the personality of some one who accepts responsibility to the  
public for the paper's policy, perhaps even claiming ownership, so that the  
public may be blinded and fooled for a purpose. It is evident, therefore,  
that ownership is the keynote to this condition of affairs; and that what the  
public should know is who owns the newspaper. In the case of known own-  
ership; it might be well to bring the personality of the editor or editorial  
writer before the public more distinctly, for the reasons mentioned above  
and for others which might be mentioned.

fields of effort. He is splendidly equip-  
ped in every respect for the leadership  
of this body, and the entire State will  
look forward to the increased develop-  
ment and usefulness of the Association  
under his direction.

The Association was most considerate  
of Guilford county editors, selecting its  
President, a Vice President and a mem-  
ber of the executive committee from  
among the editors of Greensboro and  
High Point. In this connection the edi-  
tor of The Telegram desires to express  
appreciation of the honor conferred upon  
him by the Association. Being a stranger  
in the State and unknown to a major-  
ity of the members of the Association,  
we consider it a very high compliment  
to have been elected as one of the or-  
ganization's officers.

## \$1,000 A MONTH WON'T DO.

Mrs. Rose Keeling Hutchins Can't Enter-  
tain on That—Wife of Stilson Hutchins  
Says Her Income From Husband's  
Estate Isn't Enough for Dresses.

Washington, June 30.—Mrs. Rose Keel-  
ing Hutchins, the former Baltimore so-  
ciety woman who married Stilson Hutch-  
ins, the Washington millionaire, today  
unfolded another chapter in the troubles  
of the idle rich.

Mrs. Hutchins has asked the District  
Supreme Court to give her more than  
\$1,000 a month from the estate of her  
husband. Justice Gould ordered Louis  
A. Dent to investigate the estate before  
he considered Mrs. Hutchins' petition.  
William J. Dante, trustee of the Hutch-  
ins estate, is fighting the increased al-  
lowance.

Mrs. Hutchins summed up her whole  
petition when she told Auditor Dent that  
"everyone must know I cannot dress the

way I do, cannot go to parties and en-  
tertain in the way I have been accus-  
tomed to on \$1,000 a month. It is too  
foolish to talk about."

The testimony today spoke of ex-  
penses and allowances which Mrs. Hutch-  
ins had incurred and secured with men-  
tion of large checks given her by Stilson  
Hutchins, particularly two bills for  
dressmaking which amounted to about  
\$1,500 each; also other checks ranging in  
size from \$500 to \$1,200.

Mrs. Hutchins admitted receiving the  
rent from a house at 1608 Massachu-  
setts avenue northwest, which amount-  
ed to \$300 a month. She also said Mr.  
Lee Hutchins, a son of the millionaire  
by his first wife, had kindly stepped  
into the breach when Mrs. Hutchins'  
finances were low and added \$200 a  
month to the maintenance of the house-  
hold.

Merriment was caused when Mrs.  
Hutchins was asked if she still main-  
tained expensive apartments in Paris.  
"Mr. Dante maintains them," she re-  
plied.

"Has Mr. Dante ever occupied them?"  
inquired Attorney Brandenburg, for Mr.  
Dante.

Mrs. Hutchins said no, that Mr. Dante  
had never been in their Paris apart-  
ments, but that Stilson Hutchins occa-  
sionally occupied them for as long as  
three months. The Paris apartments  
had been kept for six years, Mrs.  
Hutchins said, also a house in England,  
where both Mr. and Mrs. Hutchins occa-  
sionally spent several weeks.

Mrs. Hutchins told how she obliged  
Mr. Dante at present by receiving her  
\$1,000 allowance in semi-monthly in-  
stallments of \$500, thus avoiding the ne-  
cessity of paying out \$1,000 at one time.  
In reply to questions by the attorney

# BANNER AVIATION EVENT AT ISLE OF SHERRY

Most Famous Flyers of The World Are  
Assembled For Tomorrow's Event—  
100,000 People Will Assemble  
to Witness it—American  
Machine Will be Used  
by Englishman.

## Special to Telegram.

Eastchurch, Isle of Sherry, England,  
June 30.—The world's most famous air-  
men assembled here for the banner avi-  
ation event of the year—the race for the  
Coupe Internationals d'Aviation—put in  
a day of strenuous activity today in get-  
ting their machines in shape for the  
great contest tomorrow. A crowd of  
several thousand persons jammed about  
the enclosure of the aviation field to get  
a glimpse of the speedy skynavigators in  
their tuning up flights.

The proved ability of the men entered  
by the competing countries makes it cer-  
tain that there will be a greater race  
tomorrow than the one last year, when  
Claude Grahame-White won for Great  
Britain the honor of holding the meet  
this year, when he defeated a score of  
the most noted flyers. Grahame-White  
will not compete this year, but England  
has entered two men who have surpass-  
ed his feats during the last few months—  
Alexander Ogilvie and Gustave Hamel.

Ogilvie is well known in America,  
where he competed in the historic Bel-  
mont Park meet last year. He will fly a  
"Baby Wright" biplane in tomorrow's  
contest, the first time an American ma-  
chine has ever been flown in this event  
by the representative of another coun-  
try than America. Hamel, who has been  
making some remarkable flights recent-  
ly, will use a 100-horse power Bleriot.  
Other Englishmen who will take part in  
the meet are C. H. Gresswell, Graham  
Gilmour, C. Morrison, J. Valentine and J.  
Badley, who is also well known in Amer-  
ica, where he did much flying during the  
last winter.

America will be represented in the  
race by one man, Charles Terres Wey-  
mann, who will fly a Nieuport. This  
machine, which now holds the world's  
record for speed in a closed circuit, will  
also be used by two of the French team,  
which promises to prove one of the  
strongest aggregations competing.

Mons. Alfred LeBlanc, who establish-  
ed world's record for speed at the Bel-  
mont Park meeting and lost the Interna-  
tional Cup on account of an accident  
while he was making the last lap of the  
race, will again fly a 100-horse power  
Bleriot. His team mates are Mons. Ed-  
ouard Nieuport and Mons. Chevalier,  
both of whom will fly Nieuports. The  
Nieuport is a racing machine which only  
recently has been developed. It was  
while flying this machine at Chalons,  
France, on June 16, that Mons. Nieuport,  
its designer and builder, made the world's  
speed record—145 kilometres (90 miles)  
at the rate of 129 kilometres (80 miles)  
an hour.

Mons. Emile Auburn, another French  
aviator who was seen at the Belmont  
Park meet, is the reserve member of the  
French team.

Herr Flech is the main dependence of  
the Austrian team, while the strength  
of the German team is unknown. The  
Kaiser's entry may prove the surprise  
of the race, but nothing definite is known  
as to the ability of the German flyers.

The race, the course of which is about  
ninety-four miles in extent, is timed to  
start at 11.46 in the morning, exactly  
eight hours, according to Greenwich, be-  
fore sunset.

Elaborate preparations have been made  
for the thousands of sightseers who will  
flock to this little island tomorrow. A  
throng of more than 100,000 persons is  
predicted. Stanford Hill, a fine, natural  
grandstand along the course, has been  
placed at the disposal of the Royal Aero  
Club, which has charge of the race, by  
Colonel Sir George Holford, and specta-  
tors will be allowed to witness the  
flights from this eminence. A special  
automobile garage has been erected less  
than half a mile from the course, and  
several thousand machines will be taken  
care of there, while the motoring parties  
will find places of vantage in the great  
natural amphitheatre that rises about  
the start and finish point of the race,  
sheltering the aviators from the wind.  
It is an ideal spot for the event, and a

for Dante, who asked if she were pleased  
when her allowance was increased to  
\$1,000 a month, Mrs. Hutchins said she  
had no recollection of going into spasms  
of hysterical joy, but that naturally she  
was somewhat gratified.

After her husband's third attack of  
paralysis, Mrs. Hutchins said, she never  
asked for large sums of money because  
she did not believe it honest. She in-  
ferred that his mental condition was  
such that he might be too easily influen-  
ced to pay her large amounts of money.

new world's record is being looked for by  
all those who are familiar with the  
prowess of the contestants, the keen  
rivalry between them and the excellent  
condition of their craft.

## Escaped With His Life.

"Twenty-one years ago I faced an aw-  
ful death," writes H. B. Martin, Port  
Harrington, S. C. "Doctors said I had  
consumption and the dreadful cough I  
had looked like it, sure enough. I tried  
everything I could hear of, for my cough,  
and was under the treatment of the best  
doctor in Georgetown, S. C., for a year,  
but could get no relief. A friend advised  
me to try Dr. King's New Discovery. I  
did so, and was completely cured. I feel  
that I owe my life to this great throat  
and lung cure." Its positively guaran-  
teed for coughs, colds, and all bronchial  
affections. 50c. and \$1.00. Trial bottle  
free at Fariss Klutz Drug Co.

## "How queer Agnes looks of late!"

"Yes. I can't make out whether its  
dress reform or hard luck."—Harper's  
Bazar.

## Kill More Than Wild Beasts.

The number of people killed yearly by  
wild beasts don't approach the vast  
number killed by disease germs. They're  
in air, water, dust, even food. But  
great protection is afforded by Electric  
Bitters, which destroy and expel these  
deadly disease germs from the system.  
That's why chills, fever and ague, all  
malarial and many blood diseases yield  
promptly to this wonderful blood puri-  
fier. Try them, and enjoy the glorious  
health and new strength they'll give  
you. Money back, if not satisfied. Only  
50c. at Fariss Klutz Drug Co.

Mistress—Well, Cooper, what is the  
weather to be like?

Gardner—Well, mum, I dunno; but  
the paper do say "Forecast."—Punch.

## A Peek Into His Pocket.

Would show the box of Bucklen's Arnica  
Salve that E. S. Loper, a carpenter, of  
Marilla, N. Y., always carries. "I have  
never had a cut, wound, bruise, or sore  
it would not soon heal," he writes. Great-  
est healer of burns, boils, scalds, chapped  
hands and lips, fever-sores, skin-erup-  
tions, eczema, corns and piles. 25c. at  
Fariss Klutz Drug Co.

"The poet sings of being knee-deep in  
June."

"Them poets are always hysterical.  
The mud ain't that bad."—Louisville  
Courier-Journal.

## Parson's Poem a Gem.

From Rev. H. Stuebenvoll, Allison, Ia.,  
in praise of Dr. King's New Life Pills:  
"They're such a health necessity,  
In every home they should be,  
If other kinds you've tried in vain,  
USE DR. KING'S  
And be well again. Only 25c at Fariss  
Klutz Drug Co.

Engaged Man—Love me? Why, she  
actually counts the kisses I give her!  
Cynical Friend—That's bad. She may  
keep it up after your marriage.—Boston  
Transcript.

## Those Who Take Foley Kidney Pills

For their kidney and bladder ailments,  
and for annoying urinary irregularities  
are always grateful both for the quick  
and permanent relief they afford, and  
for their tonic and strengthening effect  
as well. Try Foley Kidney Pills. Howard  
Gardner.

## "Why can't you take my case?"

"I'm a corporation lawyer and would-  
n't know how to get you out of jail. If  
you'd come to me in the first place  
you'd never have got in there."—Life.

## How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward  
for any case of Catarrh that cannot be  
cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
We, the undersigned, have known F.  
J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and be-  
lieve him perfectly honorable in all busi-  
ness transactions and financially able to  
carry out any obligations made by his  
firm.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin,  
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally  
acting directly upon the blood and mu-  
cous surfaces of the system. Testimo-  
nials sent free. Price 75 c. per bottle.  
Sold by all druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipa-  
tion.

## ONE WEAK SPOT

Most Greensboro People Have a Weak  
Spot and Too Often It's the Back.  
Everyone has a weak spot.  
Too often it's a bad back.  
Twinges follow every sudden twist.  
Dull aching keeps up, day and night.  
Tells you the kidneys need help—  
For backache is really kidney-ache.  
A kidney cure is what you need.  
Doan's Kidney Pills help sick kid-  
neys.

Are for backache and urinary ills.  
Good proof of their merit in the fol-  
lowing statement.

Mrs. J. W. Pettigrew, Main St.,  
Reidsville, N. C., says: "I continue to  
think Doan's Kidney Pills an excellent  
remedy for the kidneys and gladly ver-  
ify the statement I gave in their praise  
nearly three years ago. For several  
years I had kidney complaint and there  
was a dull ache across the small of my  
back and in my head. I often felt  
worn out and was miserable in every  
way, when I got Doan's Kidney Pills.  
They lived up to the claims made for  
them, restoring me to good health."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50  
cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New  
York, sole agents for the United States.  
Remember the name—Doan's—and  
take no other.

First Bridemaid—They are well  
matched, don't you think?

Second Bridemaid—Rather; she's a  
grass widow and he's a vegetarian.—Lon-  
don Opinion.

Foley Kidney Pills are composed of  
ingredients specially selected for their  
corrective, healing, tonic, and stimulat-  
ing effect upon the kidneys, bladder and  
urinary passages. They are antiseptic,  
antilitic and a uric acid solvent.  
Howard Gardner.

"I wonder whatever has become of  
Ping Pong?"

"I remember Leon Ling, but Ping Pong  
seems to get away from me. What did  
he do?"—Judge.

## Foley's Honey and Tar Compound

Is effective for coughs and colds in  
either children or grown persons. No  
opiates, no harmful drugs. In the yel-  
low package. Refuse substitutes. How-  
ard Gardner.

"Why do you women want to go into  
politics, anyway?"

"We simply want to show that we  
can't make any worse mess of it than  
you men do."—Chicago Tribune.

## Hay Fever and Summer Colds

Must be relieved quickly and Foley's  
Honey and Tar Compound will do it. E.  
M. Stewart, 1034 Wolfram St., Chicago,  
writes: "I have been greatly troubled  
during the hot summer months with  
Hay Fever and find that by using Foley's  
Honey and Tar Compound I get great re-  
lief." Many others who suffer similarly  
will be glad to benefit by Mr. Stewart's  
experience. Howard Gardner.

Kate—Maude is married, and she does-  
n't know the first thing about house-  
keeping.

Alice—Yes, she does; the first thing  
is to get a husband to keep house for.—  
Stray Stories.

## Watch Your Kidneys

Their action controls your health.  
Read what Foley Kidney Pills have done  
for your neighbor. Mrs. H. W. Allen,  
Quincy, Ill., says: "About a year ago  
my kidneys began bothering me. I had  
a swelling in my ankles and limbs, then  
headaches and nervous dizzy spells, and  
later severe backaches. I was getting  
worse, when I began taking Foley Kid-  
ney Pills. I kept on taking them until  
I was once more freed of all kidney  
trouble and suffering. I have a great  
deal to thank Foley Kidney Pills for  
and shall always recommend them."  
Howard Gardner.

"Yes, we are going to the seaside  
again. All but father. Father says he  
must have a rest."

"Going a-fishing, eh?"

"No. He's going to stay at home."—  
Cleveland Plain Dealer.

When arrested for vagrancy, a beggar  
naturally has a pinched look.

## NOVEL MASSAGE CREAM.

Perfect Skin Food That Removes  
Wrinkles and Clears Complexion.

The most delicate skin will quickly re-  
spond to the soothing and tonic effects of  
Hokara and when this pure skin food is  
used, pimples are soon a thing of the  
past.

As a massage cream or after shaving  
it is unequalled, removing all irritations,  
and making the skin soft and velvety.

Apply a little to the hands or face  
after washing and surprise yourself with  
the dead skin that comes off.

Hokara is the only massage cream  
that is an antiseptic, and pimples, ecz-  
ma and all skin blemishes soon disappear  
when it is used.

Although far superior to the ordinary  
massage creams sold on a guarantee of  
"best you ever used or money back" yet  
the price is a trifle, only 25c for a liberal  
jar; larger size 50c.

Sold on a guarantee by Howard Gar-  
dner.

## Wedding Flowers

## OUR BOOKLET

Will tell you all about the  
kind to use.

Mailed on Request.

J. Van Lindley  
Nursery Company

We are prepared to do any kind of  
Hauling—Freight, Household Goods, Of-  
fice Furniture, Safes, Pianos, Wood,  
Stone, Lumber, Brick—anything.

## Phone No. 8

When you want anything moved.

## Cunningham Bros. Coal---Wood

## FOR GOOD BRICK

See  
LIBERTY BRICK CO.  
Liberty, N. C.

You will find nine artists at

## The Hotel Guilford Barber Shop

C. W. EDWARDS, Prop.

## There is BEAUTY, DURABILITY and SATISFACTION

in every monument made by

## Englehart Granite and Marble Works

Our specialty

WINNSBORO BLUE GRANITE.

Phone 281.

## UNHAPPINESS DISPELLED.



# CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrup. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

**GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS**  
Bears the Signature of

*Chas. H. Fletcher*

The Kind You Have Always Bought  
In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.



## "What a Relief!"

Only the woman who has tried knows what comfort and relief a New Perfection Oil Cook-stove brings into the kitchen.

It is not only that the New Perfection cooks so well. It saves so much work in other ways. There are no ashes to clean up before going to bed; no fire to bank for the night. Everything is ready for cooking in the morning at a touch of a match.

You are saved from an overheated kitchen; saved from soot and dirt; saved from chopping wood and carrying coal. In the kitchen or the laundry, for the lightest or the most elaborate meal, you will find the New Perfection stove with the New Perfection oven is the best and most convenient.

**New Perfection**  
WICK BLUE FRAME  
Oil Cook-stove

Made with 1, 2 and 3 burners, with long, turquoise blue enameled chimneys. Hand-painted finish throughout. The 2- and 3-burner stoves can be had with or without a cabinet top, which is fitted with drop shelves, towel racks, etc. Dealers everywhere; or write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the

Standard Oil Company  
(Incorporated)

## A Clean Man

Outside cleanliness is less than half the battle. A man may scrub himself a dozen times a day, and still be unclean. Good health means cleanliness not only outside, but inside. It means a clean stomach, clean bowels, clean blood, a clean liver, and new, clean, healthy tissues. The man who is clean in this way will look it and act it. He will work with energy and think clean, clear, healthy thoughts.

He will never be troubled with liver, lung, stomach or blood disorders. Dyspepsia and indigestion originate in unclean stomachs. Blood diseases are found where there is unclean blood. Consumption and bronchitis mean unclean lungs.

## Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

prevents these diseases. It makes a man's insides clean and healthy. It cleans the digestive organs, makes pure, clean blood, and clean, healthy flesh.

It restores tone to the nervous system, and cures nervous exhaustion and prostration. It contains no alcohol or habit-forming drugs. Constipation is the most unclean uncleanliness. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure it. They never gripe. Easy to take as candy.



## Friday's Doings in Municipal Court

In Municipal Court yesterday morning Minnie and Sadie Price, ladies of color and apparently of high social standing as they have already appeared in court several times, were charged with an assault on a similar dame, by name Carrie Martin, when the trio engaged in a little triangular difficulty. With the damning evidence of the prosecutrix against them they were found guilty and each taxed with the costs.

D. E. Thomas was tried on the charge of erecting a wooden shed over the public street at his building on the corner of Sycamore and Davie. The case was

not pressed by the prosecution and dismissed.

Jim George and Tom Slade, two negro "gentlemen of honor," and noted duellists, engaged in a lively shooting scrap Thursday afternoon and on this charge of affray with deadly weapons, the former principal in the near tragedy was given 12 months on the city streets. Slade received a sentence of half that length in the same case. Both then faced the charge of carrying concealed weapons. George was given an additional sentence of 60 days on the streets and Tom's entire period of service was increased to 9 months. Slade was then given a term of three months for assault and beginning with yesterday has a total of a round year before him of hard work on the streets. George will benefit, by his labors, the city for a term of 14 months.

## ONE-HALF STEEL TRUST'S CAPITALIZATION WATER WHEN COMBINATION WAS FORMED

(Continued from Page One.)

threatened to result in a great and sudden increase and duplication of the steel producing and finishing capacity of the country, and to involve them also in an invasion of each other's business.

Thus there was suddenly revealed to the industry what he trade press at the time called "the impending struggle of the giants," a contest between great concerns who under such circumstances might be forced to work out, in rigorous competition, the survival of the fittest.

Such were the conditions in the steel industry in 1900. The spark that lighted the train was the threat of the Carnegie company to erect a great tube plant near Cleveland, thus invading the field of finished manufacture.

Steel men and the various associated financial interests regarded this situation with much alarm. In such competition they saw a great danger to their businesses, especially to the profitable quasi-monopolies in certain branches of the trade. In averting it they also saw a great opportunity. The extraordinary era of industrial expansion was still on; the public were still eagerly absorbing large issues of securities. By merging these conflicting interests into a great corporation, the threatened "steel war" would be averted, and great profits realized from the flotation of securities.

With amazing swiftness, in a few weeks, the United States Steel Corporation was thus organized, and began business on April 1, 1901. Its total capitalization was a little over \$1,402,000,000 (including bonds). It is strictly a "holding" company—that is, it does not mine, manufacture, transport, or sell; it simply owns the stock (as a rule all the stock) of its constituent concerns. The concerns acquired were as follows:

Acquired 1901:  
Carnegie Company of New Jersey.  
Federal Steel Company.  
National Steel Company.  
American Steel and Wire Company.  
American Sheet Steel Company.  
American Tin Plate Company.  
American Steel Hoop Company.  
American Bridge Company.  
National Tube Company.  
Bessemer Steamship Company.  
Shelby Steel Tube Company.  
Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines  
Acquired subsequently:  
Union Steel Company (1902).  
Clairton Steel Company (1904).  
Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company (1907).

Thus competition between these concerns was eliminated, while enormous profits were made from the flotation of securities, with, also, an unparalleled stock commission to the underwriting syndicate, which netted a clear profit of about \$62,500,000 in cash.

At its formation the United States Steel Corporation controlled about two-thirds of the country's production of crude steel, and from one-half to four-fifths of the principal rolled steel products. It comprised ore, coal, limestone, natural gas, railway and steamship companies, blast furnaces, steel works, rolling mills, finishing plants, and various other properties. It was thus a thoroughly integrated concern, from ore to finished products.

There remained outside the merger a number of great companies of the primary sort, such as Jones & Laughlin, the Pennsylvania, Cambria, Lackawanna, Republic and Colorado Fuel and Iron companies, and numerous concerns of the secondary type. While overshadowed by the Steel Corporation, these included strong, efficient, and growing businesses, furnishing a basis for vigorous competition.

The Steel Corporation is the greatest industrial concern in the United States, with the largest properties, and of international importance. It is the most conspicuous example of the modern corporate organization of great businesses. As such the relation of its investment to its capitalization and to its earning power are matters of public concern. The Corporation itself has recognized this fact in its public reports, and has also furnished very extensive information to the Bureau.

The Corporation was organized with (in round numbers) 510 millions of preferred stock; 508 millions of common stock; 303 millions of Corporation bonds, and about 81 millions of underlying and miscellaneous obligations; a total of over 1,402 million dollars.

Speaking broadly, such capitalization amounted to the claim, the representation, that there was a value in this concern which would justify a fair business return on this capitalization. The Bureau finds, on the contrary, that in 1901 the fair market value of its tangible property was about 700 million dollars, slightly less than one-half its capitalization. The other half, the excess of about 700 million dollars, is thus separated and stands out, embodying the essential public questions raised by the Bureau's analysis of its investment. In so far as that excess represented value in 1901, it was value due either to increased earning power from elimination of competition; concentrated ownership of the basic natural resources, iron ore

and coal, or in some degree integration efficiency.

When such values are capitalized into dividend or interest bearing securities, they involve important public problems. They are merely another name for price policy, and the whole public is ultimately concerned in steel prices.

Three separate methods have been used in valuing its assets in 1901: (a) By historical study of the formation of constituent concerns; (b) by market values of the securities of constituent concerns; (c) by detailed estimates of physical properties, classified by departments of business. By the first method the valuation is \$676,000,000; by the second, \$793,000,000, and by the third, \$682,000,000. None of these figures includes any merger, integration, or monopolistic factors arising from the combination of 1901. It is precisely the object of the Bureau to distinguish such values from ordinary property value.

The first valuation rests chiefly on evidence that the tangible property of most of the constituent concerns did not exceed the preferred stock. A cash option price was usually fixed by their promoters, and the original owners could take this, or an equal amount of preferred stock, with a bonus in common stock, in the new combination.

This was the case with the National Steel, American Tin Plate, American Sheet Steel, American Steel Hoop, American Steel and Wire, National Tube, and American Bridge companies. The Federal Steel Company's property somewhat exceeded its preferred stock. In the Carnegie company, reliable book values indicate that its tangible assets did not exceed its bond issue. The property of the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines was taken as equal to the par value of its stock.

This gives the valuations at the dates of organization. Adding now the surplus earnings of these concerns up to April, 1901, plus the new cash provided by the Corporation, and sundry miscellaneous obligations representing property, gives the total stated above, \$676,000,000.

Valuation by market prices of the securities of constituent companies (second method) gives about \$793,000,000, or \$117,000,000 more than the preceding valuation. Such excess is natural, as this method necessarily covers all property, including intangible merger values in these consolidations prior to the Steel Corporation.

The valuation by departments (third method), the most detailed and conclusive, was as follows:

Manufacturing properties, including blast furnaces... \$250,000,000  
Transportation properties... 91,500,000  
Coal and coke properties... 80,000,000  
Natural gas and limestone properties... 24,000,000  
Current assets... 138,500,000  
Ore properties... 100,000,000

Total... \$682,000,000

In July, 1902, in defending its capitalization, the Corporation itself made an estimate similarly classified. If we omit iron-ore properties in each case, that estimate exceeded the third valuation by the Bureau's valuation by about \$175,000,000, or 30 per cent. But in the Bureau's valuation was \$100,000,000, while the Corporation's was \$700,000,000, seven times as great, a difference of \$600,000,000. Thus the ore reserves, the dominant factor in the steel industry, are, in this valuation of its assets by the Steel Corporation, made to stand for the excess of capitalization over the value of tangible assets.

And it is true, as is thus tacitly assumed by the Corporation itself, that in these ore holdings, under the present status of ownership and control, there exists an earning power and a control of the industry on which rest largely those ultimate intangible merger values which must be invoked in any attempt to justify its great capitalization.

The determination of the ordinary market value of this ore in 1901 segregates such ordinary value from the peculiar merger and combination values evidently attributed to it by its owner. The Bureau's valuation of \$100,000,000 for the ore was reached by a study of market prices for similar properties about 1901; from the price paid by the Corporation for a large part of its own holdings; and from a calculation of the "present worth" of the royalties paid on leased ore. There was a marked agreement in the results by these various methods, and it is certain that \$100,000,000 is a liberal figure.

To sum up: The actual market value of the Steel Corporation's entire tangible properties at its formation, omitting all factors of merger, integration, and concentration, was not over \$700,000,000, just about one-half its capitalization. The Bureau does not assume to say that the capitalization should have been one-half what it was, or in some other time any particular theory of capitalization. It has simply separated the market value of physical property in this vast concern from value based on earning power derived from intangible factors. It has defined these intangible factors and pointed out their peculiar relationship to price policy and the public interest, to wit, merger value, integra-

## We Close All Day Tuesday, July 4th

COMMENCING FRIDAY, JULY 7TH, OUR STORE WILL CLOSE EVERY FRIDAY AT ONE O'CLOCK THROUGH JULY AND AUGUST—GIVING OUR HELP A HALF HOLIDAY.

## Photographic News of the Day

In Our Show Windows

PICTURES CHANGED DAILY

Subjects Today:

"Colonial Troops Marching Through London."

"England's Suffragettes Would Let the Queen Outshine Them."

## SATURDAY READY-TO-WEAR-DAY

A Great Feast Prepared For Week End Shoppers

### SECOND FLOOR.

V neck gowns with yoke of emb. and tucks, sold for \$1.00, reduced to 89c.  
White petticoats with emb. flounce, \$1.25 value, for 98c.  
Combination suits of barred lawn, sold for \$1.50, for \$1.00.  
Nainsook gown, yoke of lace and emb., \$5.00 value, for \$3.50.  
Petticoats with emb. flounce sold for \$4.00, for \$2.50.  
Petticoat with emb. flounce sold for \$5.00, for \$4.00.  
Nainsook gowns emb. yoke, sold for \$1.50, for \$1.25.  
Reduso Corsets sold for \$4.00, reduced to \$2.75.  
2 long silk kimonos, sold for \$4.50, reduced to \$2.98.

One rain cape, sold for \$9.95, reduced to \$5.00.  
1 skirt sold for \$10.00, for \$7.50.  
2 skirts sold for \$10.00, for \$6.95.  
1 black Messaline dress, size 38, Empire with embroidered trimmings, sold for \$50, reduced to \$17.50.  
1 plum color silk dress, size 38, sold for \$25.00, for \$7.50.  
1 dark green Messaline dress, size 34, sold for \$15.00, for \$9.95.  
1 tan pongee coat, size 34, sold for \$10.00, for \$7.50.  
1 lace trimmed batiste dress, sold for \$10.00, reduced to \$5.95.  
1 white marquisette waist, hand emb., with light blue and rose, sold for \$9.00, for \$6.00.

### CHILDREN'S STORE IN ANNEX.

Children's small parasols, in blue, pink, red and white. Prices from 29c. to \$2.00.  
Boy's colored wash hats in linen, khaki, duck and crash, valued up to \$1.00, reduced to 50c. Also a lot of colored hats valued up to 69c., now 25c.  
Children's Rompers, made of chambray, gingham and percale, in all sizes from 1 to 8 years, sold for 50c., reduced to 30c. Rompers sold for 25c., now 19c.  
Children's blue flannel reefer in all sizes from 2 to 6 years, sold for \$1.25, reduced at 50c.  
Infants' mull caps, beautifully trimmed, valued up to \$2.00, reduced to 50c.  
Girls' colored wash dresses, made of gingham and percale, sizes 6 to 14 years, valued up to \$3.00, now 98c.

**Meyer's**  
DEPARTMENT STORE GREENSBORO

tion value, monopolistic value, and above all the incalculable industrial power that rests on the control of the bulk of the available iron ore of the country.

### Increases in Property.

Since its formation, the Corporation, from surplus earnings (allowing for depreciation and changes in securities), has made good much of the original excess of its capitalization over tangible property. That excess in 1901 was about 700 million dollars, or 100 per cent, and in 1910 only about 250 million dollars, or 24 per cent. The total tangible value in 1910 was 1,187 million dollars. As in 1901, there is omitted here all the merger values heretofore referred to, and all appreciation of natural resources above the actual cost thereof to the Corporation.

### Profits.

The rate of profit has been calculated, not on the Corporation's capital stock, but on the total investment as computed by the Bureau. Operating, administrative, and general expenses, as well as taxes, have been deducted from earnings; also true depreciation, a matter of some intricacy. The Corporation's allowance for depreciation, including mineral exhaustion and obsolescence, has exceeded a necessary allowance. The Bureau has carefully determined from the records of the Corporation the proper depreciation, and has restored the excess to profits.

Thus arrived at, the average rate of profit on actual investment from April 1, 1901, to December 31, 1910, was 12 per cent. It was highest in 1902, 15.9 per cent, and lowest in 1904, 7.6 per cent. The yearly rates do not indicate any pronounced tendency, but have on the whole slightly decreased.

It must be remembered, however, that 12 per cent profit for one small concern out of many is one thing. Other concerns may make much less. It is a very different thing when, as in this case, one-half of the whole industry has been maintained on the level of a 12 per cent profit.

It must be made entirely clear that this 12 per cent is the rate of profit on the whole investment. Were that part of the investment deducted which may be said to be borrowed money, chargeable only with a low fixed rate of return, the rate on the remainder, on that part which may be considered as put in by the stockholders, would be considerably higher.

### Position in the Industry.

While the production of the Steel Corporation from the beginning has overshadowed its principal rivals, and even

exceeded all of its competitors combined, its proportion of the total has materially diminished in the ten years of its operation.

In pig iron production, the Corporation has just about maintained its original position; in 1904, 43.2 per cent; in 1910, 43.4 per cent. But in steel, both crude and finished, it has lost ground; in 1901, 66 per cent of the steel ingots and castings; in 1910, only 54 per cent, notwithstanding great additions to its capacity. Rolled steel products generally show an almost steady loss, especially structural shapes and tin plate. Even in rails there has been no gain.

In short, speaking broadly, as against 60 per cent of all crude and finished steel production in 1901, the Corporation now has not much over 50 per cent, indicating conclusively the continuous presence of strong and increasing independent production. The competition of these independents with the Steel Corporation so far as prices are concerned has been modified by the policy of "co-operation."

In efficiency, location of plant, and equipment—in capacity rather than actual production—the Corporation is materially stronger than the foregoing figures indicate, and in case of continued trade depression this strength would probably show itself in increased control. In ownership of railroads for handling its materials it stands in a class by itself. It has a strong but not exceptional position in water transportation. Its control of the best qualities of coking coal is very strong, though modified of late by new processes which make other coal more or less available for coking purposes.

Its position in ore reserves, on the other hand, is much stronger than in any other factor in the business. It is almost impossible, and would be unwise, to attempt any quantitative statement of its proportion of the total ore of the country; but of the Lake ores, on which the present steel industry is based, it has about 75 per cent, and this advantage is materially enhanced by its extensive control of the rail transportation of the ore from the mines to the Lakes. The so-called Hill lease made by the Corporation in 1907, with an unprecedentedly high rate of royalty and other enormous conditions, is a striking instance of the policy of the Corporation to maintain a high degree of control of ore. This lease covered enormous ore holdings.

There is much significance, also, in the prevailing custom of leasing ore mines under royalty instead of purchasing outright. This system as applied in the Lake ore region, without any effective restrictions as to size of holdings, plainly

facilitates concentration of ore property, as it greatly reduces the investment required to control large bodies of ore. It has unquestionably had a large influence in producing the high concentration of control now existing in Lake ores, as well as elsewhere.

Thus, the industry itself rests physically on the ore; the Corporation based one-half its capitalization on the ore; its profits on ore are large; and in the ore is its highest degree of concentration and control. The ore, therefore, is of primary significance in the Corporation's dominance, and in that resource chiefly are involved the industry's problems of ultimate public interest.

But the wage worker has a boss to blame it on.

It's better to stay out than to get married and fall out.

## Dr. Carey's Life-Tone Tablets.

Pages Might be Written Upon this Subject but A Word to The Wise Is Sufficient They Tone the Entire System to a Perfect Harmony of Health

Large Package of One Hundred Tablets, ONE DOLLAR.  
Trial Package of Thirty six Tablets, FIFTY CENTS.  
A positive bank draft guarantee with each one dollar package.  
Conyers & Sykes,  
McAdoo Hotel Corner,  
2 V. Conyers,  
350 S. Elm St.



# WANT ADS

Connecting Link Between Buyer & Seller

Classified Ads One Cent a Word Each Insertion. No ads taken for less than Twenty-five Cents for First Insertion. Situation Want Ads Free One Time.

## WANTED.

WANTED—YOU TO SEE THE DISPLAY of bargains in Suedes, Satins, Patent Leathers and undressed Kids; Gent's Oxfords and high top shoes. We guarantee to fit you. Prices from nine cents up. Peebles Shoe Co.

WANTED PUPIL NURSES FOR Stewart's Sanatorium Co. Apply to Mrs. Maybelle Covington, Supt., New Bern, N. C. 7-1-3t

WANTED TO BUY OR RENT A GOOD second hand buzz electric fan. Must be in first class condition. Address The Greensboro Telegram or call phone No. 59. 6-28-tf.

WANTED—TO BORROW MONEY IN amounts of \$100 to \$500 on first mortgage securities. Will pay 8 per cent. interest per annum. Address box 42, Greensboro, N. C. 3-9-tf.

WANTED—EVERYBODY TO SEE Peebles Shoe Company beat the record for low prices today. 7-1-1t

WANTED—FURNITURE FOR STORAGE; apply to Huntley-Stockton-Hill Co., June 11, 29t.

## BUSINESS NOTICES.

SWEET PEAS, EXTRA LARGE blooms, some of the finest ever grown. Only 25 cents per hundred. Mrs. Tom O'Connor, Phone 919. 7-1-1t

ECONOMY PRESSING CLUB BETTER than the best. Phone 350. 6-28-5t

TWO CARLOADS NICE RANGE horses just in. Ogburn's Stable, 116 South Davis. In the bunch are several 2-year-olds. June 24, tf.

E. G. HEGE WILL SELL 40 BICYCLES at cost. 107 Davis street. 6-22-26t

## MALE HELP.

WANTED AT ONCE. ONE OR TWO Solicitors to cover R. F. D. Routes. Those able to furnish horse and buggy preferred. Good opening for the right men. Apply to The Telegram office.

## FOR SALE.

STOCK FOR SALE—50 SHARES, PAR value \$100.00, in blocks to suit purchaser, in a long established, well paying Greensboro enterprise. If interested address X, care this paper. 6-30-3t

THRASHING MACHINE FOR SALE, cheap. McAdoo Garage. 6-25-tf.

ANY KIND OF GASOLINE ENGINE. McAdoo Garage. 6-25-tf.

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS, any size. McAdoo Garage. 6-25-tf.

COMPLETE STEAM LAUNDRY cheap. McAdoo Garage. 6-25-tf.

SECOND HAND AUTOMOBILES, cheap. McAdoo Garage. 6-25-tf.

## FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—WILL RENT MY HOME furnished for summer. All conveniences. Price reasonable; two blocks north of court square. Phone 693 or write P. O. Box 627. 7-1-tf.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

HEAVY HAULING. IF YOU HAVE anything heavy you want moved or hauled a distance, get our prices. Horse or steam power. Glenn Bros., 334 E. McCulloch street. Phone 1053. tf.

INSURANCE IF YOU WANT TO BUY HOMEOWNERS' INS. TELL IT TO GUILFORD INSURANCE & REALTY CO. BONDS-LOANS. GREENSBORO, N. C.

## Funeral of W. T. Darnell Held Yesterday.

The funeral services over the body of Mr. W. T. Darnell, the young man who died Wednesday night at St. Leo's hospital from an attack of typhoid fever, was held yesterday at noon in the Asheboro Street Baptist church, the pastor, Rev. W. F. Staley, conducting the obsequies. After the ceremony the body of the young man accompanied by the stricken father, Mr. Frank Darnell, was shipped to the home of his parents in Ronda for the interment.

When the sad end came after several weeks of suffering Mr. Darnell was just entering into the thirtieth year of a life full of past usefulness and future promise. He preceded to the grave his father and a beloved brother and sister, all of Ronda. For the past few years the deceased had been employed as a clerk with the Odell Hardware Company and had risen rapidly to an exalted position in the esteem of his superior officials in that institution. He was always in every word and act a Christian gentleman and was an ardent and devoted member of the Asheboro Street Baptist church. At the time of his demise he held a high office in the administration of the business of the congregation and was also secretary of the Sunday school.

The following friends of the deceased served as pall-bearers: R. M. Spoon, E. J. Jarvis, J. P. Harrington, C. H. Money, W. M. Kirkman and Harry L. Brockmann.

## Bankrupt Stock Sold.

The stock and fixtures of the cigar store of J. T. Wade, voluntary bankrupt, were sold yesterday in entirety to S. W. Harman at a purchase price of \$310. Justice D. H. Collins, trustee for the establishment, conducted the sale in the store rooms at noon. The sale of the stock in pieces did not net as great a sum as a total bid and the contents were sold as a whole. G. S. Ferguson, referee, now has the sale under consideration for confirmation.

## Johnson to Fight English Officer.

Special to Telegram. London, June 30.—Jack Johnson, the champion pugilist of the world will fight Petty Officer Curran of the British navy in Dublin, Ireland, during horse show week the middle of August.

Isn't it queer how narrow-minded the people are who argue with you?

## Southern's Popular Excursion to Asheville July 11, 1911.

Southern Railway announces first excursion of the season from Goldsboro to Asheville, N. C. Fare from Greensboro to Asheville and return for this magnificent special train is only \$4.75. Train leaves Greensboro at 12:40 p. m., July 11, 1911, arriving at Asheville at 7:50 p. m. Tickets returning will be good on any regular train leaving Asheville up to and including Friday, July 14, 1911. This is splendid opportunity for a nice outing to the mountains at a very small cost. For further information see nearest agent or address W. H. McGlamery, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Greensboro, N. C.

## Excursion Fares to Atlantic City, N. J., and Return Account Grand Lodge B. P. O. E., July 10-15, 1911.

\$16.40 is low rate announced by the Southern Railway account Grand Lodge B. P. O. E., Greensboro to Atlantic City, N. J., and return. Tickets on sale July 7, 8, 9. Final limit July 20, 1911. Limit can be extended until Aug. 20, by depositing ticket and upon payment of fee of \$1.00. Through Pullman Sleeping Cars will be arranged, and it is probable that special train will be operated leaving Greensboro July 8, if so same to be announced later.

Approximately low rates from all other stations. It is expected that this meeting will have a wonderfully large attendance, and those desiring Pullman accommodations should make application early. For further information, see Southern nearest agent, or address R. H. DeButts, T. P. A., Charlotte, N. C. W. H. McGlamery, P. and T. A., Greensboro, N. C.

## For Sale

Stovewood, split or in blocks, delivered at \$1 per load. Order trial load and see how much good wood you get. Cord wood all kinds at \$3 per cord. W. F. Clarida, Phone 1404.

## 95 Acres of Land FOR SALE

Situated 4 1/2 miles southwest of Greensboro, one mile off the High Point road. Most of the land enclosed by wire fence. About 25 acres in cultivation; balance in oak and pine woods. Fine oak grove and building site on the road. The place is well watered by springs and branches. Will make an ideal truck and poultry farm.

Southern Real Estate Co. Phone 829.

112 East Market Street GREENSBORO, N. C.

# DAILY MARKET REPORTS

## WEATHER FORECASTS.

Louisiana—Fair, except showers in southeast.  
Arkansas, Oklahoma, Texas—Generally fair.  
North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia—Generally fair.  
Florida—Generally fair, except local showers in southern portion.  
Alabama, Mississippi—Generally fair.

## NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

	Open	High	Low	Close
July	14.52	14.61	14.51	14.58
Aug.	14.55	14.59	14.53	14.53
Sept.	13.56	13.60	13.52	13.52
Oct.	13.23	13.24	13.17	13.18
Nov.	13.23	13.24	13.18	13.18
Dec.	13.20	13.22	13.16	13.16
Jan.	13.28	13.28	13.22	13.24
Feb.	13.32	13.37	13.31	13.31

Steady.

## LIVERPOOL CLOSE.

June and July	7.81 1/2
July and Aug.	7.77 1/2
Aug. and Sept.	7.49 1/2
Sept. and Oct.	7.14
Oct. and Nov.	7.00 1/2
Nov. and Dec.	6.95 1/2
Dec. and Jan.	6.94 1/2
Jan. and Feb.	6.95
Feb. and Mch.	6.95 1/2
Mch. and Apr.	6.90 1/2

Steady.

## CHICAGO MARKET CLOSE.

	July	Sept.	Dec.	Jan.
Wheat	89	89 1/2	92 1/2	
Corn	58 1/2	61 1/2	60 1/2	
Oats	43 1/2	44 1/2	46 1/2	
Pork	15.40	15.55		
Lard	8.22	8.37	8.17	8.17
Ribs	8.35	8.40		7.80

## COTTON LETTER TO J. E. LATHAM.

New Orleans, June 30.—The map shows fair and hot weather in the western half of the belt, no rain except .02 at Houston. Part cloudy to fair in the eastern half of the belt. Scattered showers in Alabama, Arkansas and the Atlantic States. Liverpool is easy, 7 lower on spots, sales 5,900. The report of the Journal of Commerce on Texas and Oklahoma being so much better than could have reasonably been expected and Miss Giles's condition percentage of 89 against 86.3 last month, were the depressing influence.

Our market likewise ruled lower, after the opening. Speculation, more than ever, now looks for a high bureau condition averaging on Monday and current expectations is for 88 to 90 against 87.8 on May 25th. Our best and most reliable information from Texas and Oklahoma is that crop prospects are rapidly going back under continued fair and hot weather. Weather conditions in the central and eastern States are perfect and conducive to steady improvement in crop prospects there. It must be remembered that the Journal of Commerce condition for Texas of 83.1 is five points below the government condition of 88 for that State.

New York advises that 25,000 notices were out on July and were being stopped by McFadden, Pell and Rothschild.

HAYWARD & CLARK.

## Journal of Commerce Report.

New York, June 30.—Journal of Commerce special report is as follows: Texas—Prospects are unusually fine for cotton except for the urgent need of rain. Practically no deterioration has yet resulted from drought and large sections have already been relieved for the present but considerable moisture will be needed to insure the brilliant prospects held out. Dry weather in early growth made a deep tap root which probably accounts for this power of resisting drought. The plant is small but strong

and healthy while fields are well cultivated. Temperatures have been very high, but this has made boll weevil damage practically nil, other insects are hardly a consideration with the exception of grass hoppers which are numerous in some sections. Percentage condition will probably figure out fully up to last month when it was 83.1 and possibly better. Some reports the crop early, others late, but on the whole it appears about on time. No acreage is reported as abandoned.

Oklahoma—Notwithstanding the severe drought cotton has held its own and condition is fully equal to, if not better, than last month when it was 87.2. Many sections have received generous showers and here marked improvement has occurred. Where drought still prevails considerable deterioration is looked for unless rains come in a few days. While the plant is small, it is generally described as strong and healthy and fields are well cultivated and clean. Hot winds caused some deterioration and grass hoppers are complained of in some sections, otherwise the crop is free from insects, no acreage has been abandoned.

## Miss Giles' Estimate.

New York, June 30.—Miss Giles issued the following estimate and report on cotton crop today:

Full returns on an average date of June 25th, make condition 89 per cent against 87.5 two weeks ago, against 86.3 one month ago and 80.6 last year. This improvement is due mainly to timely rains east of the Mississippi River, also in Arkansas and Louisiana. Rains in Texas have been very partial. Many eastern and central counties have received moisture, but drought still prevails in the northern sections, also in many large producing sections in the central part of the State. Many correspondents report that the crop in this State holding out well considering the dry weather. Reports from some sections are that farmers are apprehensive of too much rain. Many sections in which rains are needed report that the plant is fruiting well despite the dry weather. Growth has been retarded by dry weather in some sections but the plant is vigorous and strong and looks healthy. Taking the crop as a whole it is earlier than last year at this time. There are few reports of damage by insects, although weevils reported in Mississippi, Arkansas and Louisiana. The entire crop is in fine state of cultivation and should Texas and Oklahoma receive timely rains all indications point at present to the largest crop ever grown.

Following is condition by States: Virginia, 80; North Carolina, 87; South Carolina, 82; Georgia, 92; Florida, 93; Alabama, 92; Mississippi, 88; Louisiana, 88; Texas, 87; Arkansas, 88; Tennessee, 84; Oklahoma, 94; Missouri, 88.

## Card of Thanks.

We want to thank our many friends for their kindness in the sickness and death of our dear little girl—Helen.

May the Lord's richest blessings rest upon you all and prepare the hearts that we all may meet in that heaven of rest where there will be no more sickness and death.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Forlines.

## Notice To Water Consumers.

You are hereby notified that your water rent is due for quarter beginning July 1, 1911. The ordinances of the city require same to be paid during first ten days in July at City Hall or water to be cut off.

Very respectfully,

T. J. MURPHY,  
Commissioner of Finance.

7-1-9t

# TODAY'S

(THURSDAY)

# Bargains

AT

# Busiest and Coolest Store in Town

Thousands of Alert Shoppers are Profiting by our "Economy Sales," and we would have others to know that—

## It's Economy to Trade at This Store

We invite you to join the ranks of wide-a-wake shoppers and share in the Good Bargains that we shall offer today.

An immense collection of REMNANTS and SHORT ENDS at a quarter to a half knocked off regular price offers unusual money-saving opportunities to alert shoppers.

# REMNANTS! REMNANTS!

Thousands of yards of Fine Laces in lengths of one yard up to six yards. This great pile of Laces embrace Torchons, Valenciennes, Mechlins, Plat Vals, Cluny, Orientals and Cotton Torchons—all marked at a mere fraction of former prices.

## Remnants White Goods

Great heaps of Snowy White Goods are piled high on our Bargain Tables at Low Prices, many less than half value. In this collection of Bargain White Goods you'll find the finest and sheerest French Lawns, Batiste, Mull, India Linon, Persian Lawns, French Nainsook, Irish Dimity and Linen Lawns, etc. For Shirt Waists and Infants Garments the cream of the looms are here represented.

## Table Linens Lengths

One hundred short ends of Table Damask, ranging in lengths of 2 1/4, 2 1/2, 3, 3 1/2 and 4 yards, will be on sale today at a saving of from 10 to 25c on the yard. This will prove an exceptional money-saving opportunity to those who care for "only the very best" of Table Linens—all pure linen, sturdy Scotch and German made. This Trinity of Bargains will be appreciated by hundreds of thrifty shoppers today. Join the ranks of those who know where to buy Dependable Merchandise.

# Ellis, Stone & Co.

The Daylight Store

# For Sale

Good farm, in good neighborhood; 110 acres land. Well watered, plenty wood. 1,400 fruit trees, every variety. One seven-room dwelling, and two four-room cottages. This is the "Dobson Place," 5 miles west from city, on public road. Property can be bought very cheap for immediate sale.

# BROWN Real Estate Comp'y.

109 E. Market St.  
Possession at once.

## Southern's July Fourth Excursion Fares.

The Southern Railway announces that their usual low round trip excursion tickets will be on sale July 1, 2, 3, 4, with final limit good until July 8, 1911. Account of July fourth. For detail information see Southern's nearest agent. W. H. McGlamery, Passenger and Ticket Agent.

## STREET CAR SCHEDULE.

Following is the street car schedule of the North Carolina Public Service Company:

For South Greensboro and Lindley Park.

Beginning at 6:10 a. m. and continuing until 11:30 p. m. cars leave Court Square at 15 minutes after the hour, 10 minutes before the hour and on the half hour.

For White Oak.

Beginning at 6 a. m. and continuing until 11:30 p. m. cars leave Court Square on the hour and the half hour. For Proximity.

Beginning at 6 a. m. and continuing until 11:30 p. m. cars leave Court Square on the hour, at 15 minutes before the hour, and 15 minutes after the hour. For Piedmont.

Beginning at 6 a. m. and continuing until 11:00 p. m. cars leave Court Square on the hour.

For Gate City.

Beginning at 5:45 a. m. and continuing until 1:00 p. m. cars leave Court Square at 15 minutes before the hour on the hour, and 15 minutes after the hour.

Sundays the cars start two hours later than on week days, but otherwise the schedule is the same on Sunday as on the other days of the week.

# Do You Read the WANT ADS?

Have you found out what interesting news is contained in the want page? There is a reason why want ads are interesting to everybody. Supply and demand create a market. The man who has an article which he has no further use for, with the assistance of a little want ad, can find readily the other man who is looking for just that article. On the other hand the man who is looking for some particular article can find the man who has it and who it perhaps has not occurred that he can sell it, thus by means of the want ad purchasers and sellers for small articles get together.

Try a Want Ad in The Telegram, it makes no difference what you want, tell it here.

# The Great Removal Sale CONTINUES

Everything for the Parlor, Dining Room, Bed Room and Kitchen. Everything in Rugs, Druggets, Go-Carts, Iron Beds and Trunks, from the cheapest to the best are here to be sold cheap before moving.

N. J. McDuffie  
116 West Market Street



## Choosing the Proper Shoes

contains least element of chance at this store. In the first place, our salespeople know how to fit you. Next, we sell the famous Goodyear Welts, the shoes that are smooth inside. They are bound to give you comfort and durability. Finally, with our prices go the biggest real shoe values to be had. A single pair of Oxfords will prove all we claim.

**J. M. HENDRIX & CO.**

223 SOUTH ELM STREET  
THE HOME OF GOOD SHOES.

## Taxes, Taxes TODAY

Last chance to pay your City License Tax, Dog Tax and 1910 Poll and Property Tax without Court Costs

**ACT NOW!**

Respectfully,

**T. J. MURPHY,**

Mayor and Commissioner of Finance.

## CARTOON ON EXHIBIT IN WARE-KRAMER HEARING YESTERDAY

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, June 30.—That the Ware-Kramer Tobacco Company had an artist make a cartoon which was known as "The Lady Duke Picture," and had this picture distributed to the trade was the most interesting feature brought out in Federal court today. Under this cartoon was, "Oh, how it hurts," the picture in question representing a woman with a wart on her left eye and a package of White Rolls pasted in her right eye. Mr. F. D. Ware, president of the Ware-Kramer Company, said that this was one of the methods of "fighting back at the trust," which, however, had not taken such an opportunity to offer him or his concern a similar pleasure. The defense, who had Mr. Ware under examination, insisted that this picture was a gratuitous insult to President J. B. Duke and Mrs. Inman, of Atlanta, whom he married. At another time the Ware-Kramer people had a lot of White Rolls cigarettes thrown in a carriage in which Mr. Duke was riding.

Both judge and jury inspected with interest the picture supposed to represent Mr. and Mrs. Duke. Among the letters written by President Ware was one in which he said that Wilmington was not a progressive town, that if it had been, he would have moved his plant from Wilson to Wilmington instead of Norfolk. Mr. Ware, in another of his letters, congratulated the artist for making such a good picture of "Lady Duke," and it was shown that oil paintings of this picture were made and distributed around. The picture cost \$2,000.

No effort will likely be made to connect W. M. Carter with the case Mr. Woodward intimating to the court that the plaintiff would not attempt to prove that he was in a conspiracy with the American Tobacco Company to destroy the trade of the Ware-Kramer Tobacco Company.

Dr. Albert Anderson and Mr. C. W. Gold were placed on the stand after the cross-examination of Mr. Ware to prove that his character was good, broad.

These gentlemen said it was. Court took a recess at 12:30 until Monday at 1 o'clock.

## DEED OF UNUSUAL INTEREST RECORDED ON YESTERDAY

Yesterday morning in the office of the register of deeds an instrument of rather novel form was filed for recording. The paper was filed at 9 o'clock and had been properly recorded before three o'clock, despite the fact that it was rather voluminous.

The instrument was in the nature of a deed from the heirs and executors of the estates of Robert M. Ferris and of Robert I. Murray, late of New York, to the New York Society of Friends and conveyed two tracts of land in High Point, being what is known as the Normal and Industrial School property and containing something like 100 acres. The property was purchased by the above as trustees for the Society of Friends and before their death failed to properly deed the same, necessitating the securing of acknowledgements from the executors and each of the heirs of the deceased.

Willis Booth, deputy in Register Rankin's office, states that the deed is the most carefully prepared instrument he had ever handled, being in excellent English and in compact form, every detail of the various transactions being set forth.

The special interest attached to the instrument is because of the fact that two of the acknowledgements were taken before Richard Westcott, United States Vice Consul of the Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and Church Howe, United States Consul of the Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland. The former was taken in London and the latter in Manchester, Eng. The fee for the acknowledgements was \$2 each. The consular stamp was affixed to each of the acknowledgements.

**GOING AWAY FOR THE SUMMER?**  
Let The Telegram follow you and now what is going on at home and abroad.

## GOOD WORK BEING DONE ON WEST MARKET STREET

The work of oiling West Market street is progressing rapidly and will probably be concluded today, if the weather permits.

Yesterday while the workmen were on the scene A. W. McAlister had one block on South Spring street treated to a coat of oil at his expense. The people on West Market are greatly pleased with the oil coating and all would be willing to go to even greater expense to secure the oil rather than do without it.

The cost of putting down the oil is not more than 20 cents per square yard, everything included. The company furnishing the oil puts it on the street and furnishes the sand for the top dressing and all the city has to do is to supply enough hands to smear the oil and distribute the sand.

It is quite likely that portions of Green, Washington, Sycamore, North Elm, Davie and East Market streets will also be treated to a coat of oil to protect from the dust and for the preservation of the streets themselves.

## TWO ADDITIONS TO CITY POLICE FORCE

At yesterday afternoon's meeting of the Board of Commissioners T. C. Bray and R. Y. Skenes were elected as policemen, bringing the number of policemen to thirteen, including the chief. The new men will take up their duties at once. Both have served on the police force before and are well acquainted with the methods employed in rounding up criminals.

Friday is pay day, in that the bills that have accumulated during the week are gone over and ordered paid, or referred back for corrections. The commissioners by this method are keeping close tab on all accounts and know what every cent is expended for.

### Revival Meeting At Friends Church.

An old time revival meeting began last night at the Spring Garden Street Friends church. Thomas C. Hodgkin, a Quaker evangelist, will be present to conduct the meeting. A great time is expected as preparations have been going on for weeks. All who are in need are especially invited.

ELI REECE, Pastor.

### Boy Scouts to Camp at Battleground.

The Boy Scouts have about completed arrangements for camping at the Battleground Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday. The boys will leave the Y. M. C. A. at 9 o'clock Monday and proceed to the Battleground, each carrying his supplies for the three days. The boys will not carry their bayonets. Captain Wyrick states that the boys will not be allowed to fish or go swimming in the pond, as this is strictly against the rules of the Battleground Company, so parents need have no fear of the boys being drowned. He also stated that no fire arms will be carried, or used, by the Scouts.

### Jefferson Academy to Reopen.

Announcements of the reopening of Jefferson Academy at McLeansville this fall have been issued from the press. The new principal is Prof. Edgar T. Hines, a native of Guilford, and a graduate of Elon College. Others who will be members of the faculty are Prof. Elmer L. Daugherty, who was educated at Franklin Military Academy and Elon College; Miss Huldah Slaughter, graduate of the State Normal and Industrial College, and Mr. William N. Huff, of Gibsonville. The session will open September 7.

### Hodgin Family Reunion.

E. B. Hodgkin, a city postman of the local office, held a family reunion of his seven brothers at his home on Douglas street Wednesday. For the first time in many years all the brothers deserted their various labors and gathered together. The sumptuous dinner spread before the reunited family was greatly enjoyed by the guests. The brothers assembled together were Messrs. E. B., R. E., S. A., D. A., J. A., S. H., J. E. and T. E. Hodgkin.

### Will Close at Noon on Saturdays.

The Public Service company wishes to announce to their customers and the public in general, that during the months of July and August their office will be closed to business at 12 o'clock noon on each Saturday. This arrangement allows the company's employees a weekly half holiday through the hot summer months. For parties unable to make other arrangements street car tickets will be sold as usual.

You may have noticed that the majority of our coming men fail to arrive.

## Women and Society

### Margaret Foster Society.

It is earnestly desired by the president that every member of the Margaret Foster Missionary Society be present at the meeting Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock in the League room of West Market Street M. E. church. A matter of vital importance is to be discussed.

### Hodgin-Kirkman.

Miss Maude S. Kirkman and Kyle C. Hodgkin were married Wednesday at Pleasant Garden. Both are young people of good standing and are well known throughout this country, of which they are natives and where they will make their home in the future.

Mrs. M. H. Justice returned yesterday to her home in Norfolk, Va., after a visit with her father, B. H. Merrimon.

Mrs. G. S. Bradshaw and daughter, Miss Mary, will leave the city for Atlantic City about the first part of next week. For the remainder of the summer they will participate in the social events of the gay resort. Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Rosemond will live in the Bradshaw home while the family is away on the visit.

Miss Annie Smith, who has been visiting Mrs. Ada Kirkman, has returned to her home in Liberty.

Mrs. George Steger, of Richmond, Va., is visiting her sister, Mrs. Edmond Harrison, at the home of R. W. Harrison, Odell Place.

Mrs. George Fisher arrived in the city yesterday from Concord and for some time will be the guest of her son, W. H. Fisher.

Mr. and Mrs. Dale Starbuck and Master Dale will leave today to spend several days at the White Sulphur Springs at Mt. Airy.

Rev. and Mrs. N. J. Bakke will leave today for Ocean View, Va., to sojourn several days at the seaside resort.

Miss Elizabeth McKenzie, of Salisbury, has arrived in the city and for several weeks will be the guest of Miss Mary Taylor, on South Park Drive.

Miss Mary Boyles left yesterday for Athens, Ga., to attend the summer school for teachers at the State University.

Mrs. W. P. Angell and son, of New Bern, arrived in the city yesterday and for about a month will visit Mrs. Angell's mother, Mrs. W. B. Bogart, on Lindsay street.

Miss Pearl Bain left yesterday for Salisbury to visit Mrs. Goodman for some time.

Prof. Chas. J. Brockmann, daughter, Miss Grace, and son, Max, will leave this morning for Buffalo Springs, Va., where they will furnish music for the social events of the season at the resort. They will be joined by a clarinetist which addition will form an excellent orchestra composed of piano, violin, cornet, and clarinet. The party will return at the close of the summer vacation season at the resort.

Miss Lora Bowman, of Liberty, is visiting her uncle and aunt, Dr. and Mrs. H. P. Bowman.

Mrs. D. C. Leonard returned to her home in High Point yesterday after visiting relatives in this city.

Mrs. H. P. Bowman, who had planned to spend the summer in the west, has been detained at home on account of the illness of her son, B. Kestler, at Jacksonville, Fla., who was to have joined her here before she made the trip.

Misses Ethel Ewing and Viola Fitzpatrick, of Knoxville, Tenn., arrived last night to be the guests of Miss Fitzpatrick's sister, Mrs. J. V. Fonville, Mendenhall street, for several days.

Miss May Norris Richardson returned last night from Salisbury where she has been visiting relatives and friends for ten days.

Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Albright came to Greensboro last night from their home in Staunton, Tenn., to visit relatives in the city and vicinity for several weeks.

Mrs. J. H. West and daughters, Mrs. J. B. Craig and Miss Catherine West, and son, Master John, returned to their home yesterday after an extended visit with relatives in various cities of Nebraska and Alabama.

Miss Sadie McConnell, who visited friends in Asheville for some time, has returned to her home in this city.

Reuben D. Golding of Greensboro and bride, formerly Miss Lottie L. Phillips, who were married at her home in Charlottesville, Va., yesterday morning, arrived in the city last evening and will spend

a few days at the Zinzendorf. They will then go to the Mt. Airy White Sulphur Springs for two or three weeks before returning to Greensboro, where they will reside.—Winston-Salem Journal.

Mrs. R. B. Hutchins and Mrs. J. A. Foreline of Durham, are the guests of Mrs. James Reel in this city.

W. H. Stone, Sr., is in Durham, the guest of his sister, Mrs. Charles Robbins.

Miss Lucile Parker of this city, is the guest of friends in Mt. Airy.

Miss Hattie Wall of this city, is visiting in Raleigh.

Mrs. James H. Pou has returned to the city from High Point, where she went to attend the wedding of Miss Millis, Raleigh News and Observer.

Mrs. James C. Cherry and Miss Lillian Whitehead, of Greensboro, were in the city yesterday.—Raleigh News and Observer.

Miss Bessie Whitted returned yesterday from Asheville, High Point and Greensboro, where she has been on an extended visit.—Durham Herald.

Personals from The Reidsville Review. Mr. and Mrs. Robert Wayne have moved to Greensboro to reside.

Mrs. J. F. Tesh has returned to High Point, accompanied by Miss Stella Haden.

Mrs. Dr. Geo. Norman and children, of Pomona, returned yesterday from a visit to relatives at Melver.

Mrs. L. M. Sharp has been spending some time with her relatives and friends in Gibsonville and Greensboro.

## PERSONAL MENTION

C. C. Collins yesterday received a telegram from Mrs. Minnie Slater saying that she had been called from Washington to the bedside of her son, W. H. Slater, who is rapidly sinking with tuberculosis at Hot Springs, Ark., where he went for treatment.

J. N. Longest was in Raleigh yesterday.

R. E. Weaver went to Raleigh yesterday.

W. B. Merrimon visited Raleigh yesterday.

N. D. Andrews was in Raleigh yesterday.

Rev. F. Beig, formerly pastor of the Lutheran congregational church at Beardstown, Ill., has arrived with his family and will make Greensboro his home.

J. T. Wade returned to the city yesterday morning after a short business trip to Richmond, Va.

Col. J. O. Hardie and children, of Brown Summit, will leave on July 5th to spend the summer vacation at Blowing Rock.

W. W. King, of Danbury, is in the city visiting his sons, Jno. W., E. B., and Walter King.

Henry Ware of this city, is in Asheville, visiting his uncle, Dr. A. B. Ware.

F. S. Westbrook was in Charlotte yesterday.

T. B. Gaskins was in Charlotte yesterday.

W. E. Schenck was a visitor to Charlotte yesterday.

## SUMMER FOOT-WEAR At Reduced Prices

We have fifty pairs Ladies Oxfords and Strap Pumps.

Sixty pairs Children's and Misses Ties and Strap Pumps.

Forty pairs Men's Oxfords.

Twenty-seven pairs Boys' Oxfords, to close out at greatly reduced prices.

Very special bargains in ladies' small size Ties and Strap Pumps.

**Thacker & Brockmann,**

## NEAR BEER JOINTS CLOSED LAST NIGHT

Greensboro, along with the rest of North Carolina, is again "perfectly virtuous" by a sweeping act of the last legislature that last night at 9:30 o'clock closed every near-beer joint in the State. The act prohibits the sale of any mixture containing alcohol and is the second decisive step taken by this State for the cause of temperance.

Some of the near-beer saloon keepers are openly saying that they will continue doing business by simply changing the name of their "juice." But a clause in the act makes it comparatively easy to detect any one suspected of selling liquids that contain intoxicating liquors and it is not thought by the authorities that much difficulty will be experienced in entirely stopping the sale of "near-beer."

There are four near-beer saloons in Greensboro and while many have suspected that "the real stuff" was being sold the police have never been able to see any signs of liquor around the place. The police raided the saloons daily and inspected the premises and the places in Greensboro have been exceptionally free from disturbances during the time the near-beer joints were in operation. The local dealers have been preparing for the closing out and consequently had but little stock on hand last night.

## J. T. Rhodes Dies at Summerfield

J. T. Rhodes, a well known and highly respected citizen of Summerfield, died last night at 8 o'clock, at the advanced age of 70 years. He had been in failing health for some time and death was not unexpected.

Mr. Rhodes is survived by his wife and three children, W. S. Rhodes, of Greensboro; John Rhodes, of New York, and Mrs. Caldwell Rawlinson, of Rock Hill, S. C.; also a sister, Mrs. Cam London, of Greensboro.

Mr. Rhodes served throughout the Civil war, being a member of the Guilford Grays. He was an enthusiastic member of the Guilford Camp Confederate veterans.

The funeral arrangements had not been made last night, but the funeral will take place Sunday.

The reason a man can get so mad with his shirt buttons is he has a wife.

## EXPLOSION IN BUFFALO KILLS SIX

Special to Telegram.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 30.—Six men were killed and others injured when the new pumping station of the city water works collapsed today. All the ambulances in the city were called to the scene. The pumping station was nearing completion but had just been put in order to supply the city with water. Three side walls fell in as well as the roof. Men are now working to recover the bodies pinned under the great mass of debris. The property loss will amount to \$1,000,000.

## CORONER'S JURY READY TO REPORT IN JAMESTOWN CASE

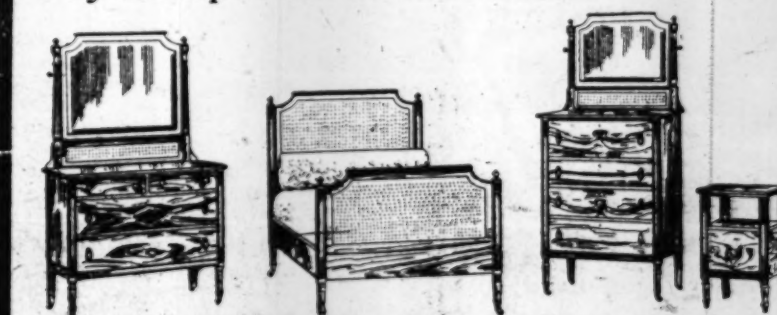
Coroner W. W. Wood spent yesterday at Jamestown with the coroner's jury, making a final investigation into the death of Mrs. Ida Hill, which occurred several weeks ago at the home of her mother, Mrs. Ragsdale. Maj. Wood stated that a verdict would be reached late this afternoon. He would not give any intimation as to what this verdict would be, saying that it would be best to wait until the verdict was finally rendered by the jury.

This case has been one of the most puzzling in the history of the county, the details of the crime being well known to readers of The Telegram. The relatives of the deceased employed expert detectives from Pinkerton's agency to ferret out the manner in which Mrs. Hill met her death and fix the blame on those responsible. The detectives after spending something like two weeks at and near the scene of the crime supposedly left for home, but The Telegram has received information to the effect that they are still vigorously working to obtain a clue. However, Maj. Wood when asked last night if the detectives were still at work, declined to have anything to say on the subject.

**GOING AWAY FOR THE SUMMER?**  
Let The Telegram follow you and know what is going on at home and abroad.

## Something Especially Classy

Is our LOUIS XVI Bedroom Suit in imported circassian Walnut, this suit is a gem, and something that you will always be proud of. Not a suit that will soon be pushed in the



attic, but will be fondly cared for hundreds of years from today. The price of this suit is in the reach of anyone.

**C. O. FORBIS,** 120-122-124 East Market Street  
Below Post Office



# Who is Your Favorite Baseball Player?

## Do You Know His Complete Record?

### Gainor, Tigers' New First Sacker

Besides Grabbing All Pegs and Hits Coming His Way, He Is Batting Like a Streak



Photo by American Press Association.

You can have his complete record up to and including the 1910 playing season and the records of all other players in any of the organized leagues. All you have to do is to procure a copy of "Facts for Fans," which you can only get from the Greensboro Telegram. Elsewhere in this paper you will find a coupon which when properly filled out, together with 11 other coupons will entitle you to one copy of "Facts for Fans," giving a complete record of all baseball happenings, rules, individual averages, team averages, and most any other information you may desire.

### What You Have to Do:

Begin with today's coupon and save one each day until you have 12 consecutive numbers. Present these at the office or mail them in (when mailing send two cent stamp for postage), or for ONE NEW SUBSCRIBER AND ONE COUPON you may have one of these little books full of interesting information.

If you don't want to take the trouble to save 12 of the coupons, bring in a new subscriber somebody who is not now taking the paper, and one coupon. We don't require that you bring in any money for the subscription but if the subscriber will pay you in advance we will allow you, in addition to the copy of "Facts For Fans", a commission of 10 per cent. on the amount paid. You will find the subscription price on page 2.

#### SOUTHERN RAILWAY SCHEDULE.

N. B.—The following schedule figures are published only as information and are not guaranteed:

12:20 a. m., No. 29 daily, Birmingham special. Through Pullman sleeping and observation car, New York to Birmingham. Dining car service.

12:32 a. m., No. 32 daily, the Southern's Southeastern Limited Pullman sleeping cars from Jacksonville and Augusta to New York. Also handles Pullman Sleeping car from Raleigh and Greensboro to Washington, D. C., this car ready for occupancy at Greensboro, 10:00 p. m. Dining car service.

12:45 a. m., No. 112 daily, for Raleigh and Goldsboro. Pullman sleeping car from Winston-Salem to Morehead and Beaufort, N. C.

2:10 a. m., No. 30 daily, Birmingham special, Pullman sleeping and observation car for New York. Day coach to Washington. Dining car service.

2:25 a. m., No. 31 daily, The Southern's Southeastern Limited. Pullman sleeping cars, New York to Jacksonville and Augusta. Pullman Sleeping Car from Washington to Greensboro and Raleigh. Dining car service.

3:45 a. m., No. 45, daily, local for Charlotte, connecting for Atlanta and points South.

7:10 a. m., No. 8 daily, local for Richmond connecting at Danville with Norfolk train.

7:20 a. m., No. 37, daily, New York and Atlanta and New Orleans Limited. Pullman Drawing-room sleeping cars, and club and observation cars New York to New Orleans. Pullman sleeping cars New York to Asheville, Charlotte and Macon. Pullman Chair car Greensboro to Montgomery. Solid Pullman train. Dining car service.

7:30 a. m., No. 108, daily, for Durham, Raleigh and local points. Handles Pullman Sleeping Car from Washington to Raleigh.

7:35 a. m., No. 11 daily, local to Atlanta. Sleeping car from Richmond to Charlotte and Norfolk to Asheville.

7:45 a. m., No. 150 daily, except Sunday, for Ramseur.

8:15 a. m., No. 237 daily, for Winston-Salem, and daily except Sunday, for N. Wilkesboro.

9:30 a. m., No. 44 daily, for Washington and points North.

9:40 a. m., No. 144 daily, for Raleigh and Goldsboro. Handles Atlanta-Raleigh sleeping car.

12:30 p. m., No. 21, daily, for Asheville and Waynesville and local points handling coaches and chair car through to Asheville and Waynesville.

12:55 p. m., No. 130 daily for Sanford, Fayetteville and Wilmington.

12:55 p. m., No. 7 daily, local for Charlotte and points South.

1:40 p. m., No. 36 daily, U. S. fast mail for Washington, New York and points North. Handles Pullman Sleeping Cars from Birmingham and New Orleans to New York and Pullman Sleeping Car, Memphis to Richmond. Day coaches to Washington. Dining car service.

2:20 p. m., No. 207 daily, except Sunday, for Winston-Salem, making connection for North Wilkesboro.

2:30 p. m., No. 151 daily, except Sunday, for Madison.

4:20 p. m., No. 22 daily, for Durham, Raleigh and Goldsboro. Handles parlor car to Goldsboro.

3:30 p. m., No. 230 daily, except Sunday, for Ramseur.

3:45 p. m., No. 132 daily for Sanford.

4:55 p. m., No. 131 daily, for Mt. Airy.

6:10 p. m., No. 35 daily, U. S. fast mail for Atlanta and points South. Pullman sleeping cars to New Orleans and Birmingham and Pullman sleeping car Richmond to Asheville, DiDining car service.

6:35 p. m., No. 235 daily, for Winston-Salem.

7:20 p. m., No. 43 daily for Atlanta. Pullman sleeping car and coaches to Atlanta.

10:13 p. m., No. 38 daily, New York, Atlanta and New Orleans Limited. Pullman sleeping cars, and club and observation cars to New York. Dining car service. Solid Pullman train.

1:20 p. m., No. 233 daily, for Winston-Salem.

10:31 p. m., No. 12 daily, local for Richmond. Handles Pullman sleeping cars for Richmond and Norfolk.

E. H. COAPMAN,

V. P. and Gen. Mgr., Washington, D. C.

S. H. HARDWICK, P. T. M., Washington, D. C.

H. F. CARY, G. P. A., Washington, D. C.

R. L. VERNON, D. P. A., Charlotte, N. C.

W. H. McCLAMERY, P. & T. A. Greensboro, N. C.

## International Press Bible Question Club

### Cut This Out and Send to This Office

Send the Telegram One Year, to the close of the Bible Question Contest, to the following address, and count me a member of the Local Club. Payment for one year at the published subscription price is enclosed.

Name.....

Address.....

### CUT OUT AND SEND TO THIS OFFICE

## International Press Bible Question Club

I have read the Suggestive Questions on the Sunday School Lesson published in THE TELEGRAM, also the Lesson itself for Sunday.....191., and intend to read the series of 52.

Name.....

Address.....

July 2nd, 1911.

(Copyright, 1910, by Rev. T. S. Linscott, D.D.)

Isaiah's Prophecy Concerning Sennacherib. Isa. xxxvii:14-38.

Golden Text—God is our refuge and strength, a very present help in trouble. Ps. xlviii:1.

(1.) Verse 14—What letter was it that Hezekiah spread before the Lord?

(2.) Is it the privilege of every man to spread all his letters, including those which give him trouble, before the Almighty God, and if so, what is the advantage in doing it?

(3.) What if any advantage is there in telling our troubles to God in the house of the Lord, over doing so in our own homes?

(4.) Verses 15-20—Hezekiah tells God in much detail the nature of his troubles. Now what good is it to do that, seeing God knows all about it in any event?

(5.) Why does God not know all about our heartaches and our needs before we tell Him, in the same way as He knows afterward?

(6.) What is the advantage of urging God by all the argument we can think of, as Hezekiah does here, to answer our prayers?

(7.) What effect does the degree of our vehemence, or the extent of our desire, have upon God in answering our prayers?

(8.) Why did not God answer Hezekiah direct, instead of through Isaiah?

(9.) Apparently some men with equal goodness are better able to receive detailed messages from God than others. If this is so, why is it?

(10.) May we rest with absolute certainty in the assurance that having told God our needs, He will supply them? Why?

(11.) What is the reason for believing that no person and nothing can bring ultimate injury to a man, or a cause trusting in God?

(12.) Why are men so foolish as to think they can prevail against God?

(13.) Verse 29—Why does God take injury done to His people as done against Himself?

(14.) Would you go so far as to say that every hurt by word or deed, done against a child of God, is done against God? Give your reasons.

(15.) Give an example of how God restrains the wicked as stated here: "I will put my hook into thy nose, and my bridle in the lips."

(16.) Verses 30-32—As an example of how God rules, and overrules, think of your own blessings, and say how many of them are a result of your own efforts and how many from causes over which you have had no control?

(17.) Verses 33-37—What means did God take to prevent Sennacherib from capturing Jerusalem?

(18.) How did the angels of the Lord slay probably 185,000 of the soldiers of the Assyrian army in one night? (Give some Bible examples of how such things have been done.)

(19.) Verse 38. To what extent is it a rule that men get what they would like to give others and that "They who use the sword perish with the sword?" (This is one of the questions that may be answered in writing by members of the club.)

Lesson for Sunday, July 9th, 1911. The Suffering Servant of Jehovah. Isa. lli:13-1li:12.

GOING AWAY FOR THE SUMMER?

Let The Telegram follow you and know what is going on at home and abroad.

If all the women in the world had one dress any one of them could be content with two.

Anybody knows the difference between right and wrong till he tries to practice it.

Sooner or later you will hear everybody you know say something about the weather.

The Proof.

"Is it good whiskey that man over there is drinking?"

"You have paradoxical proof it is not."

"What proof?"

"His wry face."

Their Prospects.

Belle—I am the idol of my lover's dreams!

Nell—Mine hasn't any idle dreams. I suppose that is why he has time to make a good living.

Rule of the Road.

"That's a fine chauffeur of yours! I told him I wanted to get out and get a cigar, and he wouldn't stop."

"You don't know the system. You should have said you wanted to get two cigars."

Napoleon in the Sepulcher.

When, after the Battle of Jena, Napoleon invaded Prussia, he visited Potsdam, which contains the mortal remains of the Prussian kings. The sepulcher of Frederick the Great occupied a prominent site in the mausoleum. When entering the latter, Napoleon uncovered his head, and went directly up to the sarcophagus of the noted warrior.

For a moment the conqueror stood still, seemingly absorbed in deep thought. Then with the forefinger of his right hand he wrote the word "Napoleon" in the dust of the huge stone casket, and turning to his marshals said:

"Gentlemen, if he were living I would not be here."—Youth's Companion.

#### THE PROOF.

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#### THEIR PROSPECTS.

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#### BUILT A KITCHEN CABINET

Handy Man Worked at It Sundays, but Forgot to Measure the Stairway.

He is the meat man in a street grocery. Besides being handy at trimming spare ribs with a safety razor he is also an adept with carpenter's tools. About a year ago he decided to build a kitchen cabinet for his wife. He chose the basement as the place of construction, ordered a lot of lumber and other accessories and went to work.

The only time he had to give to the kitchen cabinet cause was on Sunday, as he had to work early and late during the week. He closed all basement windows tightly in order to muffle all the noise he made with saws and hammers. He even had a set of signals arranged with his wife that she was to stamp on the floor when the minister or some pious friend was passing. Sunday after Sunday he toiled away on the kitchen cabinet, picturing in his mind how pretty and how useful it would be in the kitchen.

Finally the cabinet was finished and the builder asked two or three of the boys at the store to drop over on Sunday morning and help him carry it upstairs. The boys, anxious to see the product of so many days of toil, accepted the invitation and went over. It was a Jim Dandy kitchen cabinet. It was the best ever—even better than the store kind.

"Well, boys, let's hike upstairs with it," said Fritz, the cabinet constructor.

The boys took hold, tilted it and started for the stairway. Fritz groaned. The boys smothered a laugh.

It was nine inches too wide for the stairway.

The cabinet has departed this life via the furnace. It is unlikely that Fritz will build another.

When you see bad luck coming your way, dodge up an alley.

Nearly every business proposition looks like a sure winner—on paper.

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## The Commercial National Bank

Greensboro, N. C.

Capital and Undivided Profits, \$220,000.00

F. B. RICKS, President. F. C. BOYLES, Cashier.

E. J. Stafford, Vice President. I. F. PEEBLES, Asst. Cashier.

We solicit accounts from individuals, firms and corporations, issue Certificates of Deposit and sell Foreign Exchange.

4 Per Cent. Paid on Savings Deposits.

### Have You the Moral Right

to ask a busy neighbor or friend to act as your trustee or executor or guardian for your children, when a well equipped and experienced Trust Co. will do all this and charge simply the price fixed by law—no more than the neighbor would charge?

Trust companies have taken the place of the individual.

### THE GREENSBORO LOAN & TRUST CO.

J. W. FRY, President.

W. E. ALLEN, Treasurer.

### 21st SERIES

## Pioneer Building and Loan Association

Institute, W. Va., March 20, 1911.

Received of the Pioneer Building & Loan Association, Dues \$795.00, Profits \$205.00, Total \$1,000.00 in full payment of ten shares in the said Building and Loan.

A. W. CURTIS.

Save something each week by taking a share in the 21st Series. Weekly payments begin at W. L. McNairs' Drug Store, Saturday, July 1, 1911. Admission fee, per share, \$25 (twenty-five cents.)

### JAMES B. DUDLEY,

Secretary and Treasurer.

## AMERICAN EXCHANGE BANK

CAPITAL \$300,000.00

### START YOUR OWN ACCOUNT.

If you do not have an account with this bank, start one, even though it is small. We are interested in your success and business welfare. We want to help you to the very best of our ability. Come to us for advice. You are welcome to ask questions freely and consult us as often as you wish.

It will be a pleasure to us if we can be of assistance to you.

### 4% INTEREST ON SAVINGS

### VERY LOW RATES VIA SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

\$84.15—Greensboro to San Francisco and return account National Educational Association. Dates of sale June 26th to July 4th, inclusive, 1911. Final limit September 15, 1911.

\$16.40—Greensboro to Atlantic City, N. J. and return account Grand Lodge, B. P. O. E., July 10-15, 1911. Dates of sale July 7, 8 and 9, 1911. Final limit July 20, 1911.

\$16.40—Greensboro to Atlantic City, N. J. and return account International Convention, United Society of Christian Endeavor, July 6-12, 1911. Dates of sale July 3, 4 and 5, 1911, final limit July 19, 1911.

account Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, Imperial Council, July 11-13, 1911. Dates of sale July 7, 8 and 9, 1911. Final limit July 18, 1911.

\$15.95—Greensboro to Monticello and Sewanee, Tenn., and return account Monticello Sunday School Institute. Dates of sale June 30, July 1, 8, 15, 22, 29, August 11, 12 and 18, 1911. Final limit September 5, 1911.

## Bison Challenging a Rival



Canada's great national park near Wainwright, Alberta, contains the largest herd of buffalo, or American bison, in the world. Among them are some magnificent specimens, one of which, an old bull, is shown in the photograph challenging a rival to combat. The battles between the bulls often are terrific.

When you see bad luck coming your way, dodge up an alley.

Nearly every business proposition looks like a sure winner—on paper.

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# 5c ONLY

## Large Caladium Bulbs

Regular Price \$1.50 Per Dozen

Howard Gardner

IS LIGHT AND WARM

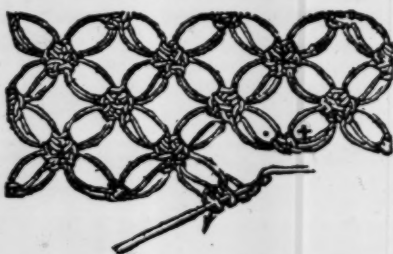
WOOLEN WRAP THAT WILL GIVE REAL COMFORT.

Can Be Made Any Size if Simple Rule Is Observed—Explicit Directions That Should Be Carefully Followed.

A very light warm wrap this, that is worked in Solomon knots with Andalusian wool or some wool about that thickness and a medium size bone hook. The wrap can be made any size, but when making the foundation chain, let it be a little longer than you wish the width of the finished wrap to be; always make three chains at beginning of the row to turn.

The detail of the pattern is very clearly shown in No. 2.

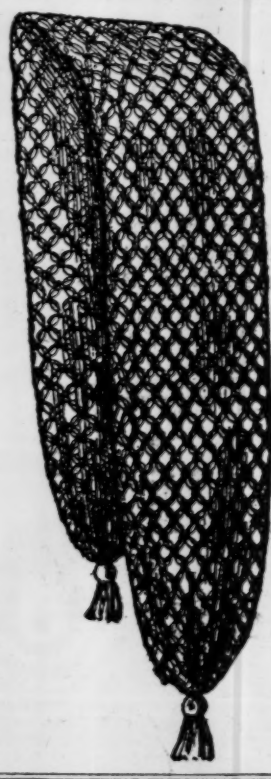
1st row.—, draw up one long loop, draw through it, then work a double through the back loop, draw up an



other long loop, draw through it, then work a double into the back thread; pass over 3 stitches of foundation chain, work 1 double into next, repeat from \* to end of row.

2d row.—3 chain, draw up a long loop, draw through it, 1 double into back loop; draw up another long loop, draw through it, 1 double into the back loop, 1 double into each of two first long loops of last row and the places indicated by the dot and X in No. 2; repeat.

This second row is repeated until the wrap is the length needed; thread



a darning needle with wool and gather up each end, and finish with a tassel. To make the tassel, turn the wool round and round a card about four inches deep 30 times; pass a piece of strong thread under the strands of wool at one side, draw it up and tie tightly; cut through the wool at the other side, bind round the strands at the tied end with wool to form a top, then sew to the gathered end of wrap.

**Treasure Trove in Old House.**  
To find a roll of bills while repairing the floor of a house he had bought, Patrick Kerwick of Trenton, N. J., some days ago. Mice had chewed the bills, but happily Kerwick had discovered them before they were quite destroyed. The \$100 mark was quite recognizable. How the money got there is a mystery, but it is supposed the house was owned by somebody who distrusted banks, and who died without having confided the secret of the hidden treasure.

## GREATEST GAME EVER PLAYED

Recent Detroit-Chicago Battle Will Never Be Forgotten.

TIGERS' WONDERFUL FIGHT.

With Score 13 to 1 Against Them Jennings' Warriors Made Most Phenomenal Finish in History of the National Game and Won Out.

If there be any animal that possesses greater gameness and greater skill in fighting against overwhelming odds than the tiger, then the popular name for the Detroit baseball club ought to be changed. For the past four seasons the club has displayed wonderful fighting spirit against big odds, but in a game with the Chicago White Sox at Bennett park, Detroit, on June 18 last, the Tigers played and won the greatest battle in the history of baseball. There never was a struggle like it before, and there probably never will be another.

The score stood 16 for Detroit and 15 for the White Sox when the great game ended. These figures, though large, are not particularly impressive, for there have been a lot of major league battles in which the runs have been about as numerous on both sides. The point is, however, that when the Tigers went to bat for their fifth time the count was 13 to 1 in favor of the enemy. If a ball club isn't licked when its opponents are a dozen runs in front, with only five more periods of batting remaining, at least its prospects of escaping said licking aren't sufficiently brilliant to encourage extensive betting.

In this exciting game the Sox piled up seven runs in the first inning, three in the fourth and three in the fifth, the Tigers the while landing one lone tally—then began the fun. In the fifth started a series of batting rallies by Jennings' terrors that gave them four runs in that inning, three in the sixth and five in the eighth. In the meantime the Sox in desperation had added two more to their count in the seventh, leaving the score at the beginning of the ninth at 15 to 13 in favor of the Sox.

Jennings used eighteen men to turn an impending rout into a brilliant victory, and the climax came in the ninth in such thrilling fashion as to rouse the fans to a high pitch of enthusiasm. Hughes had nearly exhausted his reserve forces in three previous rallies, but his resources seemed unending. He sent Lathers to bat for Mitchell, who had stopped the visitors' hitfest in the eighth inning. Lathers fanned, but Jones, another pinch man, waited and then drove a single to center. Bush followed with a single to left. Then came the king of hitters, Ty Cobb, and the fate of the game for the Sox hung in the balance. The crowd went frantic with enthusiasm to think two men were on the bases, one out and the old reliable one at bat.

In this emergency Cobb had two strikes called on him and was angling after a hit when Walsh threw a spitball on the outside and low. Cobb hit the ball sharply to Lord and raced for first. Lord knew the runner and scarcely took time to steady himself. His throw was low, and Collins never helped him out of the hole. The ball rolled to the bleachers, and Jones and Bush romped home with the tying runs. Crawford laced a ball to the center field fence, scoring Cobb with the winning tally and ending the most remarkable game ever played on the diamond.

It was surely a phenomenal game. To overcome so great a lead speaks well indeed for the Tigers. It shows Jennings' team to be one which does not give up a fight under any circumstances. For this state of affairs Jennings alone is responsible. He never quits. Regardless of what the score may be Jennings is on the lines working his hardest. He inspires his players with the never say die spirit, and many is the game which the Tigers have won when but for Jennings defeat would have been accepted as soon as the opposing team gained a formidable lead.

Jennings has proved he is in a class by himself in the American league as a strategist and manipulator of men. He demands something out of the ordinary. He manipulates his men in an important battle as a chess master would move his pawns, with a view of a final climax in a checkmate.

The recent game also illustrates why Detroit is leading the American league race. It is not the great pitching or the defensive strength of the Tigers that allows them to win, but their really wonderful run getting proclivities. It is, of course, a great hitting team, but as a rule the Tigers get more runs for their hits than does the average ball team. On the bases it is undoubtedly the strongest team in the circuit. Jones, Bush, Cobb, Crawford and Moriarty can all run the bases, and what is more, they are constantly at it. And also the team is made up of hustlers. Under all circumstances every man is on his toes and doing the best he can to help his team. With high grade pitching the Detroit team would simply walk away with the flag this year, but with a staff of twirlers which is none too certain Jennings will have a hard fight on his hands.

## DAYS OF BUNTING ARE OVER, SAYS COBB.

Tyrus Raymond Cobb says the days of bunting are over in the big league. The lively ball is responsible. It is practically impossible, he says, to beat out a bunt now, and it's always unsafe to try. The ball is so lively that contact with it ever so lightly sends it hurrying to an infielder.

The lively ball also makes it harder on both in and out fielders, he thinks. It is harder to judge a fly ball now than before, and the speed of the infield hits frequently handcuffs the fielder. With the result that the runner is safe.

## MATTY SAVING HIS ARM.

Giants' Star Pitcher Employing Methods That Keep Fielders Busy. Christy Mathewson, the great twirler of the New York Nationals, is saving his mighty right arm. As he grows older Sir Christopher realizes that the time is approaching when he will be compelled to retire. For that reason he doesn't use great speed at all times, but employs methods that keep his



Photo by American Press Association. CHRISTY MATHEWSON ABOUT TO SEND OVER HIS GREAT DROP BALL.

fielders busy. It is only when he finds himself in tight places that Matty puts smoke on the ball to bowl over the opposing batsmen.

Head work rather than brute strength is the secret of Mathewson's pitching this season. His prestige remains incomparable, and the moment he appears on the mound the Giants' rivals seem to know they are up against a hard proposition.

## CALLAHAN'S GREAT RECORD.

Career of Chicago White Sox Outfielder Has No Duplicate in Baseball.

Jimmy Callahan's record probably has no duplicate in baseball history. Callahan was hardly a youngster when he quit Comiskey some five or six years ago, and yet after so long a lay-off he is back, betting nearly 300 and is ninth among the base runners. Nor does Callahan appear to be a flash in the pan. He improves, in fact, as the season progresses. When Callahan went into training with the Chicago White Sox last spring the move was suspected of being merely preliminary to slipping Callahan into Duffy's shoes. But this was a mistaken idea. Callahan went out and made good on his own hook and is today one of the most valuable outfielders in the American league.

**Johnson Not Showing His Best Form.**  
"Walter Johnson is nothing like the pitcher he was last year," complains a Washington critic. "Physical weakness is keeping him from showing his best form."

## DIAMOND SQUIBS

"Too many pitchers spoil the game," says Silk O'Laughlin. "Let the twirler stay in until the end."

To prove his slides, spikes first, are legal Ty Cobb invites his critics to take pictures of his efforts to reach base.

The real name of Ping Bodie, the White Sox fence buster, turns out to be Francisco Sanguineta Pizola. No wonder he can hit.

President Somers of Cleveland announces he will send Outfielder Jackson to "college." The great player can scarcely read and write.

Tyrus Raymond Cobb is batting .434. Incidentally the Georgia "peach" is leading the American league in batting, extra base hitting, run getting and base stealing.

## An Inheritance From the Sea

Levy, the usurer, was implacable, and Gerald Archer put down the letter with a sigh. There was another letter besides, but that was very unsatisfactory, too, and Gerald's face looked rather worried as he turned it towards his young wife, who just came in.

"Any news today, Gerald?" "Nothing but a letter from Levy, who is very unreasonable. He gives me until next Wednesday, but I am afraid I can no more pay him the \$2,500 on Wednesday than I can today," Gerald replied sadly.

"But can't you get the \$1,000 for the picture Johnson is to sell for you?"

"No, he just writes me today that the customers won't pay more than \$750. It really looks as if one can get money only from the usurers," said Gerald, handing the other letter to his wife.

"Well, don't give up, anyway, it will all come out all right."

At this moment the patter of little feet was heard outside, the door was thrown open and two fair-haired children came rushing toward their father. Gerald picked them up, placed one on each knee and the next moment all his melancholy had flown.

When the door of the studio had closed behind them and Gerald faced his work again, the worries came back and prevented him from working.

He stopped at the big window overlooking the garden and the Long Island hills in the distance. Five years ago Gerald had built the little studio bungalow which had grown so dear to his heart, and now it looked as if he must lose it. The five years he had spent at Freeport had been the happiest in his life, until he had been tempted to try a fling in stocks. The venture failed and he negotiated a loan from Levy to cover his margins, only to lose the whole amount anyway.

The more Gerald thought over the situation, the more impossible it seemed to find a way out, and throwing aside his brushes he put on his hat and went for a long walk along the shore road. Three hours' walk brought him to the narrow strip of sand stretching towards Long Beach where he and the seagulls were the only living beings. The beach was covered with all kinds of flotsam thrown ashore by the tide and left stranded by the receding waves. Among all this Gerald's eyes suddenly struck something that looked like an old bag half buried in the sand. Mechanically he began to dig it out and saw that it really was a heavy oilcloth bag tightly tied with stout whipcord. He ripped it open with his pocket knife and found inside a belt with a heavy brass buckle and with a number of pockets. He opened one of these and would hardly believe his own eyes when he found it filled with \$20 gold pieces. He quickly wrapped it up in the oilskin and started homewards.

He went inside, hid his bundle in the hall closet and opened the door of the studio. His wife jumped up, the worried expression disappeared from her face and she said cheerfully: "I am so glad you came back, Gerald; have you been looking for motives?"

"Yes, dear, and I hope I have found something good," Gerald replied, throwing himself into an easy chair. "I just want a cup of tea," he added as he filled his pipe. "Then I will go down to the bank and ask old Winters to come and take dinner with us."

The dinner was a great success, although the two men had locked themselves up in the studio until the soup was nearly cold.

"We will take the coffee and cigars in the studio, Beatrice," said Gerald, "and we should like to have your company. We won't talk a bit about business. We have a little examination to make."

"I do not know what you mean, Gerald,"

"You will soon see, dear," he answered with a smile, and led the way into the studio, where a cheerful fire was blazing. A table had been placed near the fire, and on this were a number of stacks of gold coins neatly arranged in rows. There was also the old oilcloth bag and, in a cup, a lot of diamonds cut and uncut. There was also a broken chianti bottle and a paper cover with writing taken from the bottle. This evidently contained the key of the mystery and Beatrice picked it up with trembling fingers, while the two men looked at her.

"Read it aloud, dear," said Gerald, and she began to read.

"January 4, 1884.—It is starting to blow up and the wreck is going to pieces plank by plank. I am the only survivor of the crew of the bark Nina. The second mate died this morning."

"Together with this letter I wrap up all my savings of 35 years. These things are of no use to me now, but I hope that if the belt is ever found it may be by somebody in need of it, and I leave it to the man whom fortune favors. Goodbye to life and may the Lord have mercy on my soul."

"JOHN TRELAWEY."

Beatrice laid down the paper and stared at it. There was something very solemn in the picture it unrolled to her mental eye, but there was no doubt that Gerald was entitled to keep this strange inheritance from the sea.

## For the Watson Pedigree

By JANE OSBORN

(Copyright, 1911, by Associated Literary Press.)

Can't we get along without the Watson pedigree?" begged Matilda Watson, when her mother suggested a tour in search of the hitherto unrecorded Watsons. "You have so many ancestors on your side, I should think they would do for the whole family."

To be sure Mrs. Watson had all that could be desired in the way of ancestors. From the time they landed on Plymouth Rock to her own generation, Mrs. Watson knew every date and detail of her family connection. She had left no record unsearched that might throw light on the all-absorbing subject of her own illustrious ancestors. And now she was ready to turn her attention to her husband's family.

With the finger of an expert she had traced the family to Blackfield, an obscure, little village in eastern New England.

"Even if they have no coat of arms, and never served in the Revolution, and had no ancestral estates, and never had a piece of old silver, or anything like that, they surely had grave stones."

So Mrs. Watson and her daughter went to Blackfield to study the Watson grave stones.

"Some day you will appreciate the value of family connections," the mother assured her daughter, "and then maybe you will thank me for raising the Watsons from obscurity."

Blackfield proved to be, besides the railroad station, a couple of farm houses, a watering trough and a general store.

"Well, this is discouraging," said Matilda, looking about at the dreary expanse of farm land. "I don't see what we are going to do without a church yard."

But Mrs. Watson was making inquiries at the store.

"Watson, Watson," muttered the aged store keeper, coming out to the door to look about as if he might see the lost Watsons in some neighboring field. "It seems as if I had



"Watson! Watson!" Muttered the Aged Storekeeper.

heard that name before. But there's nothing left of Blackfield now-days. Some go west, and some go south and some go north, but they all go. That's certain."

"But isn't there a church yard, somewhere?" inquired the persistent Mrs. Watson.

"Yes, there is a church yard, all right, down yonder, half hour's walk. That's where the old settlement used to be years gone by."

"Half hour's walk," figured Mrs. Watson. "Have you a carriage, or conveyance of any kind?"

"I've a fairish sort of buggy."

"How soon can you let us have it?" "Well, I don't see as I can let you have it at all," drawled the old man, "seeing as I have hired it to the party putting up at the farm house yonder. Some of those Tysons; they can't use it all the time, so maybe they'll lend it to you."

"Shall we try?" queried Mrs. Watson of her daughter. "You know how I dislike to walk, and I simply must see the tomb stones."

"It won't do any harm to ask," suggested the store keeper.

He shaded his eyes with his hand and peered up the road. "There they come now."

In a minute more the dilapidated buggy and horse had drawn up and, at a signal from the storekeeper, had stopped before the store. The young man in the buggy looked peculiarly out of keeping in the antiquated vehicle, and he jumped out upon the road as if he were glad to be free from it.

"If you want to go over to the church yard, I'll take you along now," said Mrs. Tyson from within. "If the young lady doesn't mind the walk. We are going over to take some carbon impressions of the grave stones, and my son is going to take some photographs."

Mrs. Watson did not try to conceal her delight. "Are you, too, interested in genealogical research?" she exclaimed.

The young man with the camera was looking with an amused smile at Matilda. "It's not a long walk over," he explained.

## Woman's Friend

Nearly all women suffer at times from female ailments. Some women suffer more acutely and more constantly than others. But whether you have little pain or whether you suffer intensely, you should take Wine of Cardui and get relief.

Cardui is a safe, natural medicine, for women, prepared scientifically from harmless vegetable ingredients. It acts easily on the female organs and gives strength and tone to the whole system.

# TAKE CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Mrs. Verna Wallace, of Sanger, Tex., tried Cardui. She writes: "Cardui has done more for me than I can describe. Last spring I was taken with female inflammation and consulted a doctor, but to no avail, so I took Cardui, and inside of three days, I was able to do my housework. Since then my trouble has never returned." Try it.

AT ALL DRUG STORES

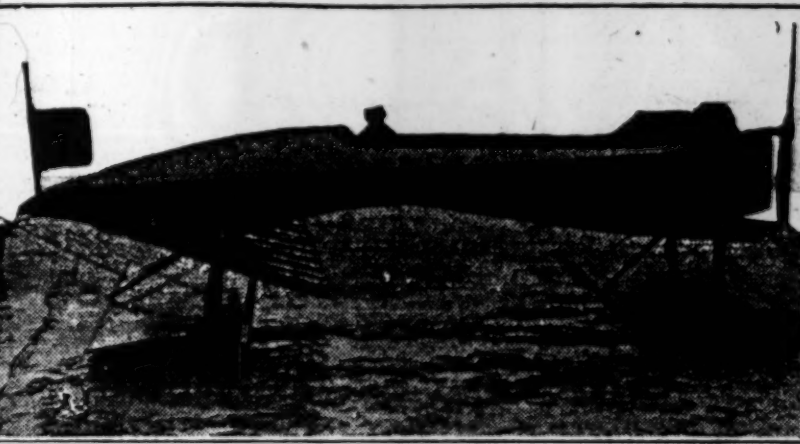
## Queen Mary's Coronation Gown And Robe Were Truly Gorgeous



Photo copyright by American Press Association.

QUEEN MARY was truly a regal spectacle when she accompanied her husband to Westminster abbey to be crowned queen of Great Britain. Her dress was of deep ivory duchess satin cut in princess style. It was embroidered in gold thread of various tints, which gave a delicate light and shade. Up the front was a design showing the English rose, the Scotch thistle and the Irish shamrock, all united to form a tree tapering at the waist and widening at the corsage. The star of India appeared on the front with the thistle, rose and shamrock on each side of it, while around the bottom were lotus lilies on a surface of water, emblematic of India and the vast seas of empire under British rule. The train, fastened at the shoulders with gold cords, was six yards long and a yard and a half wide. It was of royal purple velvet lined with ermine. On the inner side was embroidered a chain of oak leaves and acorns, with medallions of rose, shamrock and thistle at frequent intervals. The gown was made in England, artisans having spent months on it. It will be sent to India and will be worn again by Queen Mary at the durbar at Delhi next year, when she and King George will be formally made the rulers of India.

## Newest of Aero-Hydroplanes



A very uncommon craft, embodying the principles of the hydroplane or skimming boat, and the aeroplane, has recently been built at Cowes, England, for use in the speed tests at Monaco. This strange vessel can rise from the surface of the water, make an aerial voyage and descend to float on the waves. The aero-hydroplane, as it is called, was designed by M. Ravaud, a young French aviator. The hull consists of two hydroplane floats, each about 20 feet long, supporting the body of the machine above. This is a boat shaped hull or carriage with an aerial propeller driven by a 50-horse power rotary engine at the stern. The rudder is at the bow. The "boat" has two planes on each side and small ones on the floats. Accommodation is provided for three or four passengers.

Nine out of ten of the magazine articles on how to choose a husband or how to manage one are written by spinsters.

## GOING AWAY FOR THE SUMMER?

Let The Telegram follow you and know what is going on at home and abroad.



## You Won't Say Oh! Oh! My Corn

IF YOU USE REXALL  
CORN SOLVENT

Not more than two applications are required to give relief to the worst corn you have—and in three or four days it will have completely disappeared.

25c per bottle, and your money  
back if it fails.

## FARISS-KLUTZ

DRUG COMPANY

THE STORE THAT APPRECIATES YOUR BUSINESS

## The Greensboro Telegram No. 58

### BASEBALL COUPON.

This coupon, signed with the name and address of any baseball fan—man, woman, boy or girl—when presented at the office of the GREENSBORO TELEGRAM together with eleven (11) others consecutively numbered, is good for a copy of "FACTS FOR FANS"—a complete record of all important baseball happenings, rules, individual averages, team averages, players names for all organized leagues, etc.

Name .....

Address .....

City .....

### YOU MUST HAVE TWELVE (12) COUPONS

consecutively numbered. Begin with any number and save the next 11 coupons. Present these at the office in person or mail them in (when mailing send 2 cent stamp for return postage) and get a copy with our compliments.

## Drink Mt. Vernon Springs Mineral Water and be Healthy

5 Gallon Bottles for \$1.00

FORDHAM'S DRUG STORE  
514 South Elm St. C. C. Fordham, Prop.

## Roofing and Building Material, Plaster and Lime



## A PAROID ROOF

The roofing that lasts and any one can lay. Thousands of the most progressive farmers, dairymen, poultrymen, etc., as well as railroad companies and the U. S. Government, use PAROID for roofing and siding in preference to all others, because they have proved that PAROID is

The Most Economical  
The Most Durable  
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Of All Ready Roofings  
THIS IS WHY: It is made of extra strong felt with an extra good saturation and coating, which make it proof against sparks, cinders, water, heat, cold, acids, and fumes. Slate color, contains no tar, does not run or crack, and it does not stain rain-water. The only roofing with rust-proof caps. They cannot rust out like ordinary roof caps. Don't be put off with a cheap imitation, get the most economical and durable—the roofing that lasts. Send for Samples. Investigate for yourself. New book of Building Plans for Poultry and Farm Buildings free if you call.

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## The Success Fireless Cooker and the Toledo Steam Cooker

have both been thoroughly tested, and proven to be perfectly satisfactory. We have many other useful articles of convenience and comfort to the Housekeeper, still have Refrigerators, White Mountain Ice Cream Freezers and Ice Tools of different kinds. We also have a large assortment of Aluminum Cooking Vessels. Will you let us serve you.

Yours To Please,

Greensboro Hardware Co.,

Phone 131

221 South Elm St

## RUBE'S OFF DAY BAD FOR PATRIOTS

### Bad Form of Pitcher Caused Loss of Game to Spartans.

Reuben Eldridge, late of Spero, N. C., was not in much form yesterday afternoon and at the end of three innings had allowed six hits for a total of ten bases, two bases on balls and six runs to the Spartans, whereupon Manager Doyle, seeing the horse had escaped, proceeded to lock the stable door. In the beginning of the fourth Doak went in the box and pitched capital ball for the remaining six innings, allowing only two hits in the six frames. Smith was on the mound for the visitors and pitched good ball until the seventh inning, when he went up in the air and was succeeded by Laval.

The final score of 7 to 4 gave Spartans a victory, which was due solely to Eldridge's bases on balls and poor judgment in throwing to bases. Greensboro could have won easily if Rube had been taken out at first when it was seen that he was in poor form.

The local team played rather loose ball throughout the game, but the individual work of some of the players was good. Carroll was moved up to third when Doak went to the box and did the fans good to see him again in the infield, moving about in his lively, vigorous way. Rickard made some pretty catches in center field. Lowman won the honors with the stick getting a three-bagger in the seventh that cleaned the bases and another single during the game.

The same teams will play again at Cone Park at 4:30 today.

The official score:  
Greensboro—AB. R. H. P. O. A. E.  
Rickard, cf. . . . . 3 0 1 3 0 0  
Doyle, 2b. . . . . 4 0 0 0 0 1  
Fuller, 1b. . . . . 4 0 1 0 0 1  
Doak, 3b. and p. . . . . 4 1 1 3 0 0  
Clapp, lf. . . . . 3 1 2 1 0 0  
Corwin, ss. . . . . 3 1 0 1 3 2  
Carroll, rf. and 2b. . . . . 4 1 1 2 3 0  
Stuart, c. . . . . 2 0 0 9 1 0  
Eldridge, p. . . . . 0 0 0 0 1 1  
Lowman, rf. . . . . 4 0 2 1 0 0  
31 4 8 27 11 5

Spartans—AB. R. H. P. O. A. E.  
Kipp, ss. . . . . 3 0 1 1 3 0  
Laval, 1b. and p. . . . . 5 2 2 7 0 0  
Wideman, 3b. . . . . 5 0 2 3 0 0  
Totman, lf. . . . . 4 0 0 1 0 0  
Williams, 2b. . . . . 5 1 0 3 3 0  
Wagon, cf. and 1b. . . . . 4 1 2 5 0 0  
Ochs, rf. and cf. . . . . 3 1 0 1 0 0  
Westlake, c. . . . . 4 2 1 4 1 0  
Smith, c. and rf. . . . . 4 0 0 2 2 1  
37 7 8 27 9 1

By innings:  
Greensboro . . . . . 000 000 400—4  
Spartans . . . . . 114 001 000—7  
Summary—Three base hits—Lowman, Westlake. Two base hits—Kipp, Laval, Wideman. Sacrifice hits—Ochs. Double plays—Kipp to Williams to Laval (3). Struck out by Eldridge—5, by Doak 3, by Smith 5. Bases on balls—off Eldridge 2, off Smith 2. Hit by pitched ball—Stuart. Clapp. Hits divided—off Eldridge 6 in 3 innings, off Doak 2 in 6 innings. Left on bases—Greensboro 4, Spartans 7. Time—1:50. Umpires, O'Brien, Morrissey and Wood. Attendance, 450.

Anderson Eleven; Greenville Four.  
Anderson, June 30.—In a game featured by errors, in which each team divided honors evenly the locals were the victors, the final score being eleven to four. Barring the errors the contest was exciting, though the locals outplayed the visitors at every stage of the game.

Winston Defeats Charlotte.  
Charlotte, June 30.—Winston took today's Contest by the score of six to four. The contest was hard fought and the Hornets made a desperate effort to overcome the lead secured by the Twins in the first half of the contest.

Amateur Ball.  
The Ashe Street Baseball team defeated West Lee by a score of three to one yesterday afternoon. The feature of the game was a two base hit by Carroll, a single by Kelly and a two base hit by Paschal. Batteries for Ashe street were McCauley and Carroll; for Lee street Paschal, Moose and King.

NO LIVES LOST IN BIG MINE FIRE.  
Special to Telegram.  
Clarksburg, W. Va., June 30.—No lives were lost in the fire in the Cheston mines of the Clarksburg Coal Co. at Wilsonburg, according to the mine officials this afternoon. The fire was still burning this evening with every indication that the entire mine would be destroyed. The fire was supposed to have been of incendiary origin. Nearly 100 workmen were in the mine but all managed to escape.

## RESULTS OF BIG LEAGUE GAMES

American.  
At Washington—Philadelphia 3, Washington 6.

At Boston—New York 6, Boston 7.  
At Cleveland—Chicago 8, Cleveland 1.

Nationals.  
At Philadelphia—Brooklyn 3, Philadelphia 0.

At New York—Boston 7, New York 4.  
At Cincinnati—Chicago 3, Cincinnati 2.

At St. Louis—Pittsburg 3, St. Louis 5.

## DIAMOND DUST

Where They Play Today.  
Spartans at Greensboro.  
Winston at Charlotte.  
Anderson at Greenville.

Baseball today.

The "Deacon" will be on the mound this afternoon.

Morrissey makes a very good umpire, as well as pitcher.

O'Brien has been sick for a couple of days. Don't be too harsh with him.

Umpire O'Brien is really as good an umpire as we have ever seen anywhere. He slips up occasionally, but is never partial to either team.

The attendance this afternoon should be much larger than it has been in two or three weeks. The teams are going at a lively clip, and while we have faith in the Patriots there is no denying that the two clubs here now are well matched.

We are "cuddling up" a little closer to Charlotte and Greenville.

"There'll come a time," Winston. We will visit you next week in propria person.

Go out today and watch the Deacon take up collection.

## HARVARD WINS THE BIG ROWING EVENT FROM YALE

Special to Telegram.  
New London, Conn., June 30.—The Harvard Varsity crew this afternoon beat her Yale rival from the first eighth of a mile to the finish and they were so far ahead that a biplane circling above had to make all sorts of twists to keep in view of the finish.

For the first time in history a Yale class of 1911 has graduated without having seen in its class a winning crew. Four times in straight succession the Crimson crew took the annual event. The time made today was Harvard 22:24; Yale 23:40 1-2. The Crimson was never once in danger or under the necessity of working hard. It was not so much a race of oarsmen as it was of airmen sailing aloft. Yale got off first and Harvard followed with a steady stroke. At about the time that they started the aeroplanes came across the course and all eyes were turned on these instead of on the river. After a quarter of a mile it was clear that the blue had no chance.

New London, Conn., June 30.—Cheering thousands saw Yale and Harvard break even in the two races on the Thames river today, preliminary to the great varsity eight struggle. The blue oarsmen pulled out a victory in the freshman eights by a superb spurt in the last half mile, while the Harvard substitute varsity fours, leading from the start, defeated Yale by two lengths. Both races were well rowed, but a contrary wind and a slack tide made the time slow.

The time of the freshman race was: Yale 11 minutes, 53 seconds; Harvard 11 minutes, 59 1-2 seconds.  
Varsity four: Harvard 13 minutes, 37 1-2 seconds; Yale 13 minutes, 52 seconds.

FOUR REGIMENTS WILL  
LEAVE MEXICAN BORDER.  
Special to Telegram.  
Washington, June 30.—Maj. Gen. Wood announced at the White House today after a conference with President Taft that he had been authorized to order the withdrawal of four regiments from the maneuver division in Texas and along the Mexican border.

## STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

Carolina Association.	W.	L.	P.C.
Winston . . . . .	36	18	.687
GREENSBORO . . . . .	34	20	.630
Greenville . . . . .	25	30	.455
Charlotte . . . . .	25	31	.446
Spartanburg . . . . .	22	31	.415
Anderson . . . . .	21	33	.389

Nationals.	W.	L.	P.C.
New York . . . . .	40	25	.615
Philadelphia . . . . .	39	26	.600
Chicago . . . . .	39	25	.609
Pittsburg . . . . .	37	27	.578
St. Louis . . . . .	35	29	.547
Cincinnati . . . . .	29	36	.446
Brooklyn . . . . .	23	41	.359
Boston . . . . .	16	49	.246

Americans.	W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit . . . . .	44	22	.667
Philadelphia . . . . .	41	23	.641
New York . . . . .	35	28	.556
Chicago . . . . .	32	28	.533
Boston . . . . .	34	31	.523
Cleveland . . . . .	30	38	.441
Washington . . . . .	25	42	.373
St. Louis . . . . .	19	46	.292

## MAYOR GAYNOR PUTS BAN ON INDECENT SHOW.

Special to Telegram.  
New York, June 30.—Because he has been informed that the dances given by Gertrude Hoffman and her Russian associates in the performances at the winter garden are of the lowest and disgusting character Mayor Gaynor announced this evening that he had ordered the police to take physical possession of the stage and arrest those engaged in the indecency. The dances are alleged to be of the most suggestive character and Miss Hoffman's costumes are said to be of the briefest nature.

## Alleged Dynamite Suspect Caught.

Special to Telegram.  
Los Angeles, Cal., June 30.—A man believed to be David Calpan, alleged to have been one of the McNamara dynamiting conspirators, is being held in London. Papers for his extradition are being prepared. District Attorney John D. Frederick is in Washington conferring with Secretary Knox. He will join Detective Burns in London and bring back the suspect.

## An Auto Accident.

While returning from a drive in the country last evening Dr. and Mrs. Charles Roberson and Mr. and Mrs. Vaughn were thrown from the former's auto by the sudden bursting of a tire. All were more or less bruised, but fortunately none were seriously hurt. Mrs. Roberson had one eye painfully bruised.

## Farm Changes Hands.

A deed was recorded yesterday transferring from R. C. Hood to H. A. McNairy the farm on the Guilford College road, recently purchased by Mr. Hood from Dr. J. T. Reeves.

## Death At Proximity.

Ruth, the twenty months old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Crowder, 27 Vine street, Proximity, was buried yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock from the home of her parents with the interment in Green Hill cemetery. Little Ruth died Thursday night at 8 o'clock.

## Guilford Farmer Has Cotton In Bloom.

D. S. Watkins, a well-known and progressive negro farmer of Clay township, informs The Telegram that he has cotton in bloom. This is the first cotton in bloom in the county, so far as is known.

## A Selfish Viewpoint.

Champ Clark, the Democratic leader, was discussing, at a Washington banquet, a measure of which he disapproved. "This measure," he said, "is a sign of narrowness and selfishness. It reminds me of the scholar to whom his teacher said on the first of February: 'Why was George Washington a great man?' 'Because,' said the scholar promptly, 'we don't have no school on his birthday.'"

## ATTELL NEAR RETIREMENT.

Injury to Fighter's Shoulder Will Prevent His Staying in Ring.

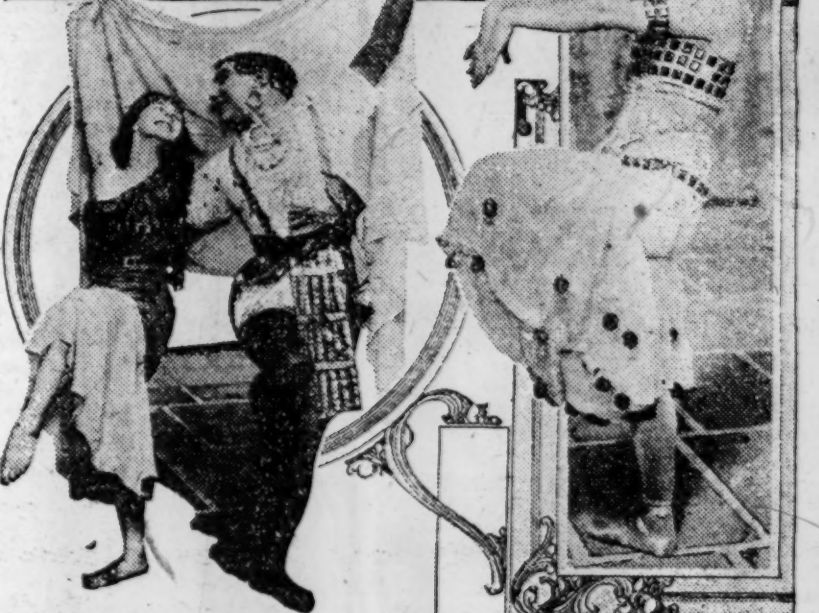
Rumors are current in boxing circles that Abe Attell, the American feather-weight champion, may be compelled to retire from the ring. Attell's physician says the champion cannot box again for a year because of the broken shoulder bone.

Attell is more than twenty-eight years old and is said to be rather dubious as to the future, for he fears a return of the injury when he attempts to resume operations.

If Attell decides to retire there will be a scramble for his title. Jem Driscoll, the English champion, may well lay claim to it, but Driscoll announced recently he was through with the ring forever.

Young Ingerton Looks Good.  
Ingerton of the Boston Nationals is the most promising third base prospect that has broken into fast company since the discovery of Baker. He is a natural fielder, fine thrower and heavy hitter—at least he is hitting just now.

## Russian Dancers' Gracefulness Proves Surprise to New York



RUSSIA is not usually thought of when art is considered, and yet the Russians have sent a troupe of dancers to New York who have given the American metropolis new ideas about what art of dancing is. These dancers are not only extremely graceful, but they tell complete stories, tales of love and tragedy, by means of mimicry. Of course one needs an imagination in order to understand the imagery, but one needs nothing except an appreciation of the beautiful and the graceful to delight in the poses and gyrations of the dancers. One of the dances they are giving shows a chapter from the life of Cleopatra, and another presents the prelude to the "Arabian Nights." The gorgeous oriental coloring and the languorous music, of course, add greatly to the spectacle. The pictures above show various poses of the dancers and give an idea of the grace and skill of the performers.

## Noted Opera Singer to Wed.

Special to Telegram.

Paris, June 30.—The coming marriage of Mlle. Eames, the opera singer, formerly the wife of Julian Story, the artist, and Elilio De Gogorza, who was divorced from his wife recently, was officially announced today and printed in the Teps, a Paris paper.

## Dynamiting Mosquitoes.

Special to Telegram.

New York, June 30.—The residents of Kearney, N. J., are experimenting with dynamite for the extermination of mosquitoes. The plan works well it is said.

## Convict Camp Moved.

Special to Telegram.

The prisoners belonging to the convict camp superintendent by Capt. J. W. Tyson, which has been stationed on the North Elm street extension passed through the city yesterday to their new camp on the road to Guilford College station. The North Elm road has been much improved by the work done upon it by the gang.

## Baltimore Woman Weds Chinaman.

Special to Telegram.

Baltimore, June 30.—A large section of Baltimore is agog today over the news that pretty Josie Lieb, a 20 year old teacher of the Fulton avenue Presbyterian church Sunday school, was married to her Chinese pupil, Lee Joe. The marriage took place on last Tuesday but the fact only became known today.

## CARD SHARPS SPOTTED

BY ALLAN A. RYAN.

Special to Telegram.

New York, June 30.—Allan A. Ryan, son of millionaire Thomas F. Ryan, was the nemesis of the card sharps who reached port today on the Maueritama. Shortly after the liner left Queenstown Mr. Ryan recognized two sharps playing with W. C. Ayers, a New York sugar merchant. Interrupting the game when Ayers had already lost \$200 Mr. Ryan told the merchant that two ladies wanted to see him on deck. Outside he informed the merchant that he was playing with gamblers. Ayers did not return.

## "In Paris"

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